Ten-Inch Solid Silver Knives Given Away

PLAN A PIE---PROCURE A PRIZE

Read the BOSTON AMERICAN'S Great Offer on Page Eight

THE WHEB.

For Boston and vicinity: Snow or rain to-night and Tuesday; warmer to-night; light variable winds, becoming easterly.

High water 11:40 a. m., 5:20 p. m.

HEARST'S
BOSTON AMERICAN
THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER
AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

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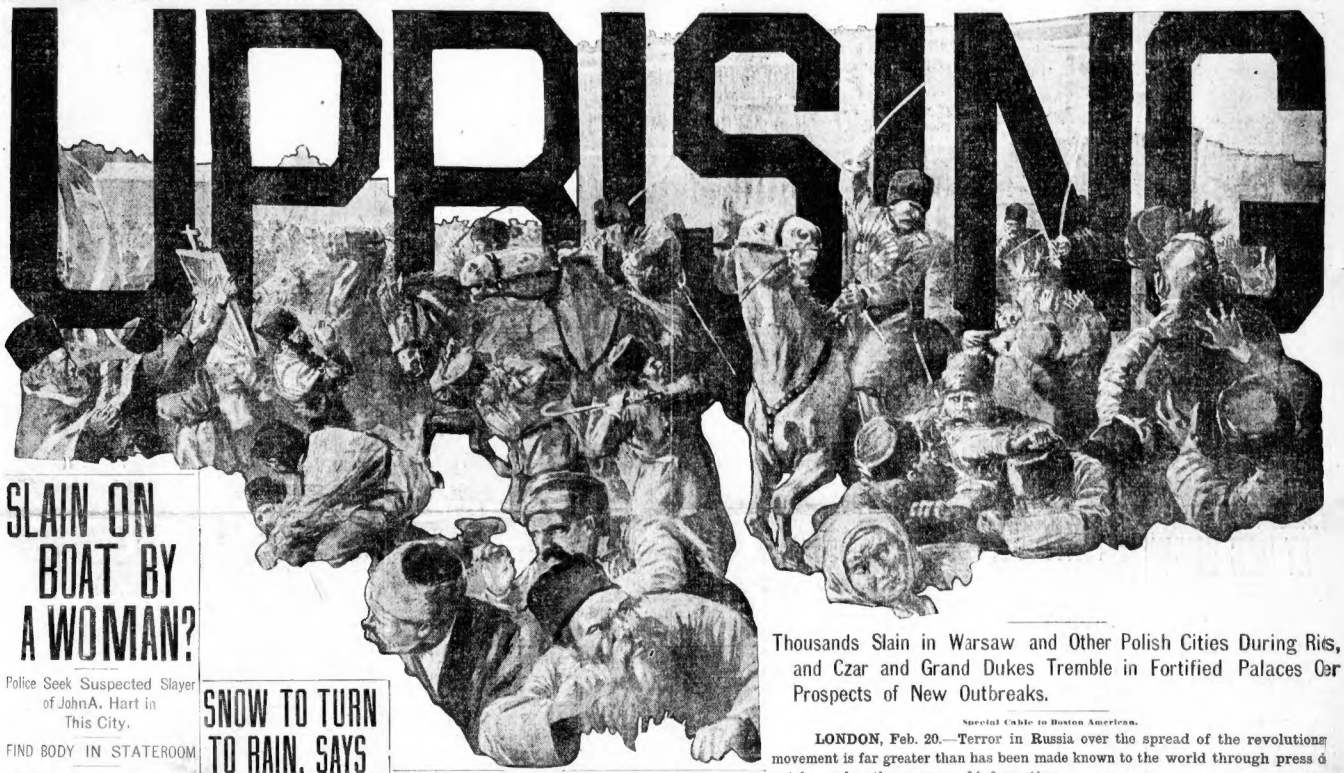
RUSSIAN ARISTOCRACY IN PANIC OVER "TERRORIST"

UPRISING



Thousands Slain in Warsaw and Other Polish Cities During Riots, and Czar and Grand Dukes Tremble in Fortified Palaces Over Prospects of New Outbreaks.

Special Cable to Boston American.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Terror in Russia over the spread of the revolutionary movement is far greater than has been made known to the world through press dispatches or by other sources of information.

The Czar and Imperial family are oppressed by dread so great that it seems to paralyze even the mighty mailed fist of the autocrat.

Conditions in Warsaw tell of the reign of terror throughout the empire. Warsaw is the pride of Poland. Spurred on by aristocratic officers, the soldiery have indiscriminately massacred the population. Citizens who dared to appear on the streets were shot down like beasts. Women and children were not spared by the bullets. Out of 2,000 slain by the troops in the centre of Warsaw a third were women and children.

The massacre went on in all parts of the city on the last Sunday in January. It is believed here that the sequel of the barbarity was the immediate assassination of the Grand Duke Sergius, that the "fighting organization" was spurred to an act of reprisal which reached the imperial family by the shocking atrocities to which the people were subjected.

Street Littered With Dead.

For days dead have littered the streets of Warsaw, and the slaughter goes on. Cossacks kill inoffensive citizens wherever they meet them. Many others who have been under arrest are being executed. On one day the bodies of those judicially doomed to death filled ten wagons when removed for burial.

Since the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius at the Kremlin in Moscow, the Czar and all members of the imperial family are cowering in dread of a like fate. They fear to leave their castles, and are living from hour to hour in such panic that they suspect even attendants who have served royalty for years.

All over Russia there is dread that revolutionists will strike a still more daring blow. The Czar and all the grand dukes fear that they will next be victims. Confidence in the precautions of the secret police and all other safeguards are gone. Telegrams from all parts of the empire tell the Czar and the men who are his rulers that revolution is seething everywhere within the broad domain of autocracy.

Governor-General Trepoff, upon whose vigilance depend the safety of the imperial family, is said to have told the grand dukes that he cannot guarantee the safety of the Romanoff dynasty if a public funeral is held over the body of Grand Duke Sergius.

This is the reason for abandoning the ancient custom which provides that the Czar and all his kinsmen shall follow on

Continued on 2d Page. 2d Column.

SLAIN ON BOAT BY A WOMAN?

Police Seek Suspected Slayer of John A. Hart in This City.

FIND BODY IN STATEROOM

On the theory that a woman murdered John A. Hart, found shot to death in stateroom C of the Joy line steamer Larchmont on her arrival at Providence from New York, the police of Boston, New York and Providence are engaged in searching for every woman known to have been aboard the boat.

Almost the first person to leave the boat when the gangplank was thrown at the Providence dock was a young woman who had been seen by one of the deckhands in company with a young man on board the boat. The woman was in a hurry, and in the confusion of landing she was not followed.

Whoever shot Hart had a key to his stateroom. No one else had been placed in the stateroom by the purser, because there were so few passengers that every one had quarters to himself. The key to stateroom C, occupied by Hart, has not been found. The door was locked, and had to be forced open by the steward, who discovered that there had been a murder.

Hart occupied the upper berth. The clothes from the lower berth were found on top of him when Robert Dixon broke open the door. The revolver with which Hart had been shot was held in a blanket to muffle the noise. The shot, therefore, was not heard on the boat.

Murdered Man Was Robbed.

The motive was robbery. Hart was on his way to visit his parents in Providence. He is known to have had nearly $100, a valuable gold watch, chain, fob and ring. All these were missing; even his vest, coat and trousers had been carried away.

It has been discovered by the police that Hart purchased his jewelry at the store No. 134 West 124th street, New York. Through the watch number it is believed that the timepiece can be traced if offered for sale.

Hart was twenty-five years of age, an engineer, had worked for H. H. Rogers, and recently had been engineer of ocean towboats in New York.

He is believed to have been on his way to marry a Providence high school girl whose name is withheld by his parents and the police. The young woman wrote to him at the last address in New York which was No. 1,751 Sedgewick avenue, she is prostrated over the murder.

The Larchmont arrived at Providence at 11:50 a. m., which would give the slayer wanted to get away in a hurry time to catch the 12:07 train for Boston. For that reason the Providence police promptly sent word to this city to trace all persons who could in any way be considered as worthy of suspicion.

No weapon has been found. The examination by Dr. Pegram, the medical examiner, showed that the wound had been made with a 32-calibre bullet.

The Providence police believe, however, that the man was the victim of a woman. They declare that women of bad character who have recently been run out of New York have recently given the Joy line officials a great deal of trouble.

These women, the Providence police say,

Continued on 2d Page. 4th Column.

SNOW TO TURN TO RAIN, SAYS WEATHER MAN

Temperature Rising and Sloppy Conditions Predicted for Boston To-morrow.

With a light snow falling and with temperature rising, Boston is threatened with sloppy weather for to-night and to-morrow. The weather bureau says the snow may turn to rain by to-night.

To-day started warm, too much so for good winter weather. Before noon the snow began to fall, coming down heavily at first and driven by a brisk wind.

In the afternoon the snowfall lessened slightly with the thermometer rising.

As fast as the snow falls on the city streets it is trodden into the mud to make more mud and render walking only worse.

The snow, or rain if it turns to that, will probably last through till morning unless a change in the wind ceases.

THREE BURNED BY GASOLENE

While attempting to carry a five-gallon can of gasolene from his burning store today, Henry Reno, of the firm of Reno & Martin, plumbers, of No. 136 Cambridge street, East Cambridge, was terribly burned about the face, hands and legs. William Gordon, who ran to his assistance, had his hands burned, and Joseph King, of engine 3, was slightly burned.

Reno found his store on fire. Knowing that there were two cans of gasolene in the back of the place he tried to carry one out. While doing so it exploded, hurling Reno to the door and setting him on fire.

William Gordon, passing the store, ran to Reno and tried to beat out the flames with his hands. Failing in that he rolled Reno in the gutter, putting out the blaze.

Joseph King of Engine 3, stumbled upon the other can of gasolene in the store and burned his hands in trying to throw it out of the window.

Dr. George G. Averill of No. 83 Third street dressed the wounds of the three men and sent them to their homes.

"WE KNOW WHERE THE MISSING BONDS ARE," SAYS CHENEY'S SISTER

$258,000 SECURITIES WILL, IT IS SAID, SOON BE RETURNED, WITH NO ARRESTS.

Mrs. Mabel A. Wilber, of Brookline, youngest sister of Herman S. Cheney, from whom $285,000 worth of bonds and notes were stolen at his home in Southbridge, declared to the BOSTON AMERICAN today that it is known where the securities are, and that they will be returned some time during the coming week to Mr. Cheney. She added that the affair would be settled privately.

Mr. Cheney said that the case was out of his hands, but that he expected the return of the securities during the week. "There will be no arrest," he added emphatically.

Mrs. Wilber had a long talk with her brother at his home in Southbridge. One of the Pinkerton men working on the case was present. At the conclusion of the consultation Mrs. Wilber left for her home, No. 22 Linden road, Brookline.

She was found by a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter at her home, apparently much disturbed.

"There is nothing to say," Mrs. Wilber at first declared. Then she nodded, hastily "I saw Mr. Cheney yesterday; we have talked the matter over thoroughly. It is all to be settled privately. There is no need to say anything."

KNOWS WHERE BONDS ARE.

"Do you know where the bonds are?" Mrs. Wilber was asked.

"Yes," was the quick, sharp reply.

"Do you know who took them?"

"We think we do."

At this point Mrs. Wilber said:

"Don't ask me any more. I shall not talk another bit. Mr. Cheney will give out anything there is to say. It is all a private affair anyway, from first to last, and will be settled privately some time during the coming week."

The interview was abruptly terminated by Mrs. Wilber leaving the room.

Herman S. Cheney, accompanied by Detective McNamara of the Pinkerton forces, left his Southbridge home at an early hour and arrived at No. 50 Congress street, where he went into consultation with his attorneys, McPherson, Hyde & Damon. The interview was behind closed doors, and no one was admitted save those personally interested in the case.

"I have reason to believe that I shall shortly recover the securities," Mr. Cheney declared to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter. "There will be no arrest. Under no circumstances would I countenance such action. There is nothing more to say now."

BAFFLES THE TOWNSPEOPLE.

Mr. Cheney and his stolen, or simply "missing" securities, as he prefers to speak of them, have formed the sole topic of discussion in Southbridge. The history of the bonds, some of which are negotiable, but on which payment has been stopped, is a mystery that is baffling even the shrewd townspeople who are best informed of Mr. Cheney's affairs.

According to all information, Mr. Cheney went to the Southbridge National Bank, where his father-in-law, Frank A. Chapin, is cashier, on January 3, took the tin box containing the securities from the safety vault, carried them home for the purpose of listing them and then left them in the closet in his room.

Mr. and Mrs. Cheney planned for a

Continued on 2d Page. 1st Column.

COMPULSORY LAW FOR VACCINATION IS LEGAL

SUPREME COURT OF UNITED STATES UPHOLDS MASSACHUSETTS STATUTE.

A decision handed down by the United States Supreme Court in Washington to-day declares that the compulsory vaccination law as passed by the Massachusetts Legislature is valid and may be enforced.

At the time of the smallpox state in the latter months of 1902 and early in 1903 there were several people summoned into court because they had refused to obey the orders of the Boston Board of Health that they should be vaccinated. Among them was a man named Mugford in East Boston.

Mugford held out stanchly again the mandates of the Board of Health. He was fined in court and appealed to the Supreme Court. The decision was against him and he shirked the same fate when the case was taken to the Supreme Court of the State.

Through the efforts of the Anti-vaccination society the case was carried the highest court in the country. Lawyers argued ably, but the decision to-day holds that compulsory vaccination is within the limits of the constitution.

The Boston Board of Health will see that the law is enforced.

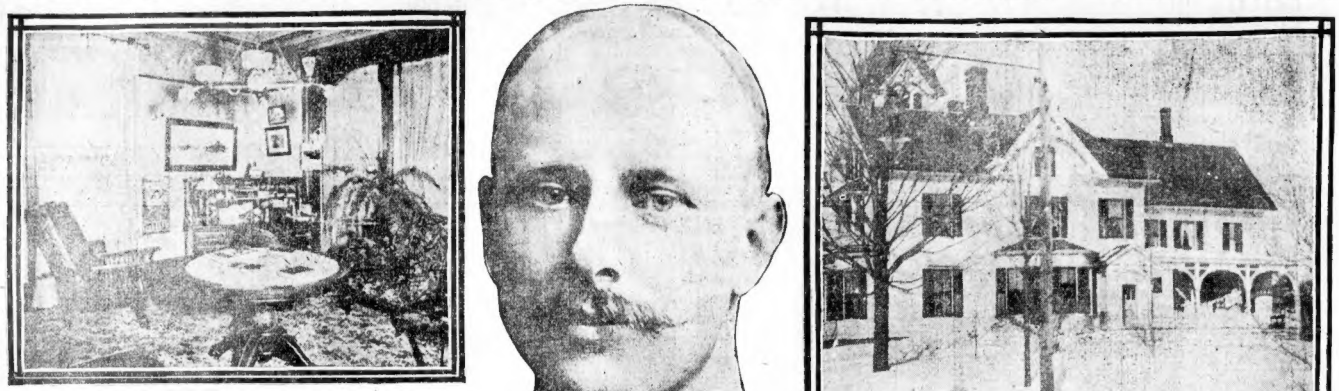
FOR LAUREL AS STATE EMBLEM

The mountain laurel was boomed as the State floral emblem at a hearing before the Committee on Probate and Chancery today. Sixty-five women and several men were present.

UPHOLD KANSAS ANTI-TRUST LAW

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The Supreme Court of the United States, in a decision just rendered, has sustained the Kansas anti-trust law.

MISSING CHENEY SECURITIES TO BE RETURNED THIS WEEK



Mrs. Wilber, Sister of Southbridge Man, Says: "We Know Who Has the Missing $285,000."

H. S. CHENEY; HIS SOUTHBRIDGE HOME, WITH VIEW OF SITTING ROOM

Continued from First Page.

short vacation. Mrs. Wilber was at that time visiting in New Jersey, household said it was understood that she would remain for a time and nurture the sons of the three Cheney children. Mrs. Wilber arrived at Southbridge on January 10.

HOW LOSS WAS DISCOVERED.

Orders were given by Mr. Cheney to have the box of securities taken back to the bank before his departure. He supposed it had been done and left home with Mrs. Cheney on January 17, believing the securities were safe under lock and key.

They were gone a little more than a week. On their return the question of securities did not interest Mr. Cheney for several days. To a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter Nelson Slater, the cashier, described how the loss was discovered in the following exclusive interview:

"Mr. Cheney never discovered his loss until February 13, from January 17 to February 13 he supposed his treasure box was safe in the deposit vault in the Southbridge bank.

"He and his wife went to Boston on January 17. They returned a week or more afterward, but, although the box had already disappeared, Mr. Cheney knew nothing of it until February 13. That day I drove him to the Southbridge National Bank to attend a directors' meeting. He went to his deposit vault to secure some notes and, for the first time, discovered that the box was not there.

"On the drive home he asked me if I could remember taking the box to the bank. I said that I could not, but that I did remember that he had sent me to the bank early in January and I had got the box and brought it home.

OFTEN CARRIED BOX.

"Did you get orders to place the box in the safety vault on January 17, the day you drove Mrs. Cheney and myself to the Sauderdale railroad station?' Mr. Cheney asked me.

"When I told him that I could not remember such instructions he expressed great surprise. Then Detective McNamara questioned me very closely, and on Friday and Saturday Mr. Cheney asked me to see his attorneys in Boston, and I went with him.

"Taking the box to and from the bank was nothing new to me. I did it for years, and never lost it or its contents. I certainly would have remembered if I had had the box beside me on my seat."

All Southbridge is discussing the loss, as the young clubman is well known and very popular. With Calvin Pease and George Wells, he has a controlling interest in the Consolidated Optical Company. This concern is worth over $5,000,000, although capitalized for only $600,000. It employs 1,800 hands.

Mr. Cheney was Caspar Whitney's All-American centre fielder on the college teams of '92 and '93. He was the crack player and hardest hitter in Amherst College. On leaving college he came to Southbridge and became active in the management of the great business which his father had built up.

He married the daughter of Frank G. Chapin, cashier of the Southbridge National Bank and has three children, two boys and one girl. He lives in the handsomest home in Southbridge and has a number of the best clubs in Worcester and Boston.

Mr. Cheney is a director in the Southbridge National Bank and takes a prominent part in local politics, having been a selectman and presidential elector.

MANY WOMEN EXHIBITORS AT DOG SHOW

There are hackneys at Mechanics Hall which announce the opening at the New England Kennel Club dog show in morning.

The "hackney" are dogs or all sizes, description and breeds, which have come from all over the country in crates, boxes and special cars all day long. Since early morning the basement of Mechanics Hall has been filled with a medley of noise, growls, yelps and barks.

Mrs. Adele Fox, of Toledo, O., has arrived with her famous Airedale terriers, which she has just shown at the New York dog show.

Miss Barrie and champion Alba Bruce won the laurels from the Vanderbilts and all exhibitors. champion Alba Bruce won the Frank J. Gould $1,000 silver cup for the best American bred dog in the show.

In the ball to-day hostilities sprang up as if by magic, and the hands of the visitors soon became filled with the choicest specimens of dogs that could be found.

Women have entered more dogs than ever this year. They are displaying increasing interest in the sport. Fox terriers, Irish setters, bull dogs and other classes have been added, and Airedales are kept by represented in the entire. Society will be present at the show to-day. Mrs. Richard Vanderbilt and Mrs. Richard Harding Davis bulldogs entered.

Mrs. Vanderbilt has recently been voted a member of the New England Kennel Club. She entered one of her thoroughbred French bull pups for the Puppy Sweepstakes prize.

Mrs. Davis Enters Spaniel.

Mrs. Richard Harding Davis has entered Chocorua Sharon, a handsome Japanese spaniel. Mrs. Theodore Ellis Webster, of Newport, will show a fine string of cocker spaniels. Mrs. Adele Lee, of Toledo, O., has brought her Airedale terriers. Miss Frank L. Weston, of Medford, will show eight red cocker spaniels, all stunningly handsome breed.

The bench show will last till Friday night. The New England Kennel Club is increasing its membership every year, and more and more entries are received for the superior exhibitions.

The opening day is expected to bring an immense number of people, as the dogs are freshest on the first day, and have not had their high-bred coupes worn down to a frazzle, as be the case usually on the closing days.

Another record attendance is expected on the second day on account of its being a holiday.

LIGHTSHIP 58 REPORTS FROM NEW BEDFORD

Word was received this afternoon by Captain Bartlett, lighthouse inspector for New England, with offices in the Rotunda, from Captain Jorgeson, of lightship No. 58, which has been missing from its anchorage off Nantucket Shoals, stating that the lightship arrived at New Bedford to-day. Captain Jorgeson's message states that on February 15, he lost his buoy markings, and later found that the great, mushroom sea anchor was missing. The ship had drifted fifteen miles from its anchorage. The lightship then started for New Bedford, but on Saturday was struck by a storm and delayed. The lightship may come to Boston for dockage soon as temporary repairs can be made at New Bedford.

SANFORD'S GINGER CURES COLDS. Prevents grip, promotes sleep and is always healthful. Get the genuine Sanford's.

NEW HAVEN STRIKE MAY YET BE AVERTED

ARBITRATION PLAN CONSIDERED TO-DAY BY GRAND MASTER SHEA AND MORGAN.

Vice Grand Master Timothy Shea of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is in New York to-day to confer with J. Pierpont Morgan on settling by arbitration the trouble between the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad and its 1,600 firemen who are out on strike. A Pittsburg wire dispatches from Pittsburg to the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day the arbitration proposition comes from the firemen. This is regarded as a strong indication that the strike will be averted.

On his arrival in New York Mr. Shea said that, with the vote standing six to one in favor of a strike, he could speak with considerable weight to the railroad officials.

"Will you suggest arbitration to Mr. Morgan?" he was asked.

"We will have a conference," replied the leader.

"Will that conference be concerning arbitration?"

"I cannot say anything about that."

It is the general opinion on railroad circles to-day that a strike will not be declared. After an all-day and night conference an officer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen called on J. Pierpont Mellen of the New Haven Railroad on the subject of arbitration. Mr. Mellen said he would be willing to submit their differences to a board of arbitration, the form of which the president replied promptly:

"Yes, it would be perfectly satisfactory."

At Saturday's meeting between Mr. Shea and Mr. Morgan it is understood that the men were urged to submit their grievances to arbitration, and the all-day meeting yesterday and the calling up of President Mellen by telephone and asking his idea on the matter indicated that Mr. Morgan had taken up the arbitration whip and was wielding it effectively.

Andrew F. Kelly, chairman of the grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Firemen, said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter:

"There is no danger of strike at present." The grievance committee of the firemen were in session at New Haven all day yesterday. At 6 o'clock Chairman Kelly left the meeting, saying that no statement would be made of the day's work or regarding their plans for the future.

"What was the result of the poll of the system as to see whether a strike should be ordered?" he was asked.

"That will never be made public," replied Mr. Kelly.

As it is understood that the poll was overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, this remark by Mr. Kelly was regarded as indicating that some other method will be adopted to settle the trouble. The other method is now known to be arbitration.

Vice Grand Master Shea said: "The talk of President Roosevelt as an arbitrator arose from a suggestion passed at one of the interviews with the firemen's committee. The suggestion was raised and many names suggested. I replied to the firemen that inasmuch as one of their honorary members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen was a very esteemed gentleman, he might consent to be arbitrator."

REIGN OF TERROR OVER ALL RUSSIA

Continued from First Page.

foot the coffin of Grand Duke Sergius. Trepoff has pointed out that one bomb cast by a man in rockets of his office as Governor of Sergius might kill every one of the imperial family except the baby Czarevitch.

Fear to Leave Their Castles.

The body of Sergius will not be taken to St. Petersburg for interment there in the tomb of his ancestors. On Thursday it will be placed in the sepulchral vault of the Chudoff Monastery at Moscow. The disembowelling of a State funeral shows how great is the terror of the Czar and the Grand Dukes. Usually the funeral cortege of either of whom has dared to step a foot beyond their castle walls since the killing of Sergius. They will let the Grand Dukes Constantine and Paul represent the imperial family at the funeral. They are the least hated of the aristocrats of Russia.

The trembling Czar is hiding in Tsarkoe-Selo Palace, and few of the most trusted servitors have seen him since his uncle was slain. Neither Vladimir nor Alexis had courage to go there to attend the solemn mass or console the terror-stricken ruler. The casting aside of sanitary regulations and imperial etiquette has impressed the people more than anything else of the fear that shadows the palaces of the tyrants.

They are not receiving the excuse that Sergius's body will be kept in Moscow because all members of the Romanoff house rest in the cathedral of St. Peter and Paul in St. Petersburg are now complete.

Trepoff Marked for Death.

Governor-General Trepoff is one of the men who has been marked for death. He has thousands of soldiers, police and spies at his beck and call, yet is in such fear that an assassin may get within striking distance that he is virtually a prisoner in his own stronghold. Revolutionary leaflets are being distributed broadcast throughout St. Petersburg and other great Russian cities. This denounces Trepoff, and hints that the leaven of mutiny is at work in the army.

Ambassador McCormick has presented to the Czar a message from President Roosevelt expressing abhorrence on the part of himself and the American people for the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius.

The strike situation has rapidly grown menacing, especially in the matter of the railroads. Three of the largest lines in Russia are almost completely tied up.

In St. Petersburg the strike has assumed the form of a lockout, the Putiloff Iron Works, the Franco-Russian Works, the Russo-American Rubber Works and a few smaller concerns having discharged all their employes with the notice that the works will be shut down indefinitely.

With 50,000 or 40,000 men out of work for an indefinite period, even if no more join the ranks of the idle, rioting and collisions with the police are feared. From the attitude of the men many of the masters are convinced that they have received financial assistance from some source.

Over 25,000,000 projectiles and shrapnel are being prepared at the Putiloff works, and the government has been compelled within the past ten days to place orders in France and Germany for $12,500,000 worth of munitions.

At the government-owned Nevsky works the Minister of Finance has been able to hold the men only by conceding everything they have demanded, including the eight-hour day.

The suspension for three months of the newspapers, "Our Life" and "Our Days," following a second warning, is probably equivalent to the final extinction of the offending journals. The decree of suspension assigns a "dangerous tendency" to the publications.

The causes of the papers believe that the true reason is that no expression of sorrow for the murder of Grand Duke Sergius was printed in their columns, and that there was no word of editorial comment on the responsibility than that of Russia. Armed revolt would be justified if a chance for success existed. Cheers.

"Take the case of MacDonnell. He was sent to Ireland to pursue a policy of conciliation and reform, but having been thwarted in this direction his official chief turns on him.

"I would be astonished if the English people do not lose respect for a minister guilty of forgiveness and disloyalty such as that shown by Secretary Wyndham."

"Disgust and Contempt."

William Moore, of the Irish Unionists, declared that the recent administration is held in contempt and disgust by Unionist Loyalists in Ireland, who have been driven to revolt by a policy of a glamour of promises and ineffectual, and as asserted that the Government is distrusted even by those calling themselves Unionists.

"Ireland," Redmond continued, "is governed by a bureaucracy more devoid of responsibility than that of Russia. Armed revolt would be justified if a chance for success existed. Cheers."

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IRISH MEMBERS OPEN WAR ON GOVERNMENT

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The anticipated effort of John Redmond and his following of Nationalists to disconcert the Government by an attack on Secretary for Ireland Wyndham occurred in the House of Commons this afternoon.

After abortive attempts by the Nationalists to extract an admission from Secretary Wyndham of complicity in the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius, which called sympathy shown by Under Secretary for Ireland MacDonnell, for Lord Dunraven's devolution plan, Redmond moved a home rule amendment to the address from the throne made by King Edward at the opening of parliament. In a hot speech John Nationalist leader declared that the present system of the Government is ruinously extravagant and inefficient, and asserted that the Government is distrusted even by those calling themselves Unionists.

"Ireland," Redmond continued, "is governed by a bureaucracy more devoid of re-

WOMAN FIGURES IN STEAMER TRAGEDY

Continued from First Page.

consist of pickpockets, professional shoplifters, knock-out drop givers and general thieves. Several women of this character have lately been arrested at Providence, who were either on their way to that city or to Boston.

Nothing was left behind by the murderer that would give a clue to his identity. As the stateroom door was found locked and the window had not been tampered with, it is supposed that access to the man was gained by opening the door with a skeleton key.

The police of Providence are busy at work on the case. They declare that they have been particularly lucky of late looking after crooks that have sought that city as a refuge since the New York police have begun a crusade against them.

Displayed Roll of Money.

Robert Bickbaum, who discovered the murder, said:

"It was just five minutes of 12 yesterday morning when I went to stateroom 9, to get the bed linen and send it to the laundry. The door was locked, from the inside, I thought. In fact, I had to go to the purser for a duplicate key.

"Once inside I found the occupant was there also, and thought he was asleep as his hat and overcoat were in the room and he was covered with the blanket. Looking closely after trying to arouse the man I found a stream of blood trickling down from his pillow and I got scared, hunted up the steward and brought him to the state room. We found that the bed clothing had been tumbled, but hardly more than it generally is, but what attracted our attention most was the fact that the lower berth had also been occupied, apparently, and according to the purser only one person had paid for a berth in that state room, the upper one.

"I haven't yet found the key given the murdered man, and I can't imagine how someone could have entered the room, shot him, taken his clothes and got away without anyone on this deck hearing about it."

The boat made the trip by way of the ocean because of the icy conditions of the Sound. There were about 100 passengers. Only thirty staterooms were taken.

The supposition was that the young man had committed suicide, but as soon as Dr. Pegram, the Providence medical examiner, saw the body he declared it was a case of murder. The assassin had first unlocked the door, and evidently crept close to the berth, and had fired his revolver close to the pillow, with the muzzle pressed against the victim's face. The pillow case was scorched by the powder, leaving a long black mark. The weapon had been held at an angle in a manner that would not have accounted for alone.

Dr. Pegram turned to the clothing, expecting to find in the pockets papers which could lead to the identification of the body. Then it was discovered that the clothing had been committed for the purpose of robbery. The thief had taken the dead man's coat, vest and pantaloons, but had left the overcoat, shoes and hat.

Identified by Letters.

In one of the pockets of the overcoat were found several letters that had been addressed to John A. Hart, and in the hat was a band upon which had been worked the same name.

Hart's relatives were found at No. 253 Bucklin street, and the identification was made complete. Mrs. A. Hart was twenty-five years of age, the oldest son of Leon P. Hart, a carpenter. The young man was born in North Kingston and came to this city in 1901. After working as a fireman for a few years, he made trips to Cuba and Porto Rico, and last summer was first fireman on the yacht Virgo, owned by Henry H. Rogers, the Standard Oil magnate. Last November he left home to take a position as engineer for the Rapid Transit Company, but arriving just too late, took an engagement as engineer on the Pratt astral oil tug No. 7.

The police have heard from him two weeks ago last Monday, when he wrote that he was going with the tug to Philadelphia and would come home soon as he could.

Every February for 18 years we have reduced the price of our regular stock of **SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS.**

This announcement means a great deal to our regular customers. ARE YOU ONE OF THEM?

UNLAUNDERED SHIRTS

"GLEN SPECIAL" ..... 45c 4 for $1.75
"H. H." ..... 50c 4 for $2.00
"FAVORITE" ..... 75c 4 for $2.60
"DIAMOND" ..... $1.00 4 for $3.60
"VERY BEST" ..... $1.00 4 for $3.60

COLLARS AND CUFFS

"RIVAL BRAND" COLLARS ..... 40c for ½ doz
"VERY BEST COLLARS" ..... 60c for ½ doz
"OUR LEADER" CUFFS ..... 60c for ½ doz
"EVANGELINE" CUFFS ..... $1.00 for ½ doz
VERY BEST CUFFS ..... $1.00 for ½ doz

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

One entire stock of dollar Soft Shirts marked down to **The each, 4 for $2.00**

COLORED STIFF BOSOM SHIRTS

We offer these Shirts made in **3 grades; each grade with 2 prs. of Cuffs:**

98c, $1.25, $1.33

Every Shirt in our store and every Winter Undergarment we have in stock is marked down 10 per cent. or more in quantities of 4 or **more.**

Opposite Park St. Church

121 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

MAN ROBBED IN HOME AT PISTOL POINT

Mt. Vernon Street Man Wakes to Find Robber Going Through Clothes.

Montague Chamberlain, an expert accountant, was awakened by the noise of some one moving about his room at No. 6 Mt. Vernon street, early to-day. The man was going through his trousers.

As Chamberlain stirred, the man suddenly pulled a revolver and placed it against his head.

"Don't move," he said, "or I'll shoot!"

Chamberlain did not move and the men got out. He had no sooner gone than Chamberlain raised an outcry and the whole house responded. The police were called. One lodger failed to appear.

Officer Dudley entered his room. He found James Newton or Howell in bed. He had a revolver and an electric searchlight! Dudley arrested him. In court he waived examination and was held in $1,500 for the Grand Jury.

The police have a warrant for Newton on the charge of stealing a watch.

He hired a room at No. 6 Mt. Vernon street last week, and gave good references. The police are looking up his record.

My Offer to Kidney Sufferers

I will give you a full dollar's worth of my remedy free to try without cost or deposit or promise to pay.

I could not make this offer—a full dollar's worth free—if spice were an ordinary kidney remedy. It is not. It treats not the kidneys themselves, but the nerves. Let me explain. The cause of kidney trouble lies ALWAYS in the nerves. The only cure for any kidney trouble is by strengthening the vitalizing and centering these kidney nerves. That is exactly what my remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—does. Therefore, I can make this offer with the certain knowledge that every kidney sufferer who makes this trial will be cured.

Nothing so perfectly tells the condition of health or disease, pain, backache, headache, nervousness or irritability, as the urine. That is exactly what my remedy does. It tells the condition of the nerves which govern and guide and unseen, control and actuate and operate the vital process of life. These are the nerves the kidneys are their slaves. Your mind cannot rule them. You cannot command them. But when they are strong, you are well; when they are not, you weaken and die.

I have written a book on the kidneys which will be sent when you write. This book explains fully and clearly how these tiny, tender "inside" nerves control not only the kidneys but each of the other vital organs.

Any one reader may offer that disagrees to my remedy may know. It is not intended for or open to those who have used my remedy. I only need no further evidence. But to those who have not used it, and who suffer from kidney disease, I say: simply write me and say you want to try it. I say: simply write me and say you want to try it. Your druggist will hand you on receipt of only bottle—and he will send the bill to me. There are no conditions—no requirements—simply write me to-day.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle (or, Shoop's Restorative, Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., State which form you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

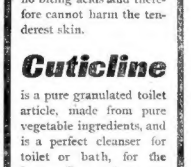
ALL TICKETS SOLD FOR GAELIC LEAGUE PLAY

At the regular meeting of the Gaelic School at 1151 Washington street the announcement was made that all the tickets for the dramatic performance "The Shamrock and the Rose" to be given by the Gaelic League Dramatic Club at the Dudley Street Opera House, March 2, had been sold. An entertainment will be given St. Patrick's Day at the hall at 1051 Washington street.

When the hands look like this after contact with dirt, ink, grease, paint, tar or any stains, the short cut to perfect cleanliness is a good wash with Cuticline. Although wonderful in its effect Cuticline contains no biting acids and therefore cannot harm the tenderest skin.

Cuticline

is a pure granulated toilet article, made from pure vegetable ingredients, and is a perfect cleanser for toilet or bath, for the home, office, or factory.



Wash next time with Cuticline and have skin that is clean.

Cuticline in 25c and 35c in shaker top tins. Free sample by writing

CUTICLINE CO., BATH, MAINE.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 50 and 52 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

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Sunday only:	
One year	2.50
Six months	1.30
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One year	8.00
Six months	4.10
One month	.80

SHE CALLED BUFFALO BILL "PAHASKA"

Story of Bessie Isbelle to Be Read in Colonel's Divorce Case.

TESTIMONY OF HIS VALET

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 20.—Miss Bessie Isbelle, Washington, D. C., is the young woman, who, according to Mrs. Cody, has come between "Buffalo Bill" Cody and herself.

Mrs. Cody's lawyers will present to the court in due time the charge that infatuation for this young person actuated the venerable Wild West hero to seek to rid himself of his wife.

Locked in a vault in the office of the clerk of the First District Court are a number of depositions, which give the history of this friendship from the beginning in 1900 to the present time. This evidence will be submitted to Judge Scott, when he calls the formal hearing of the divorce case at Sheridan, the latter part of the week.

The first deposition is that John W. Claire, valet and messenger to Colonel Cody for several years. He is now in the employ of the American Ice Company. His testimony was taken last April at Hempstead, L. I. The dialogue which Judge Scott will read to the deposition runs this wise:

"When did you first become acquainted with the person named, Bessie Isbelle?" asked Attorney Wilcox.

"At the hotel Walton, Philadelphia, while the show was there in 1900," replied Claire.

"Under what circumstances did you first see her?"

"I saw her in Colonel Cody's room?"

Often in the Colonel's Tent.

"Where did you next see her that season?"

"In Colonel Cody's tent at the show-grounds in Minneapolis."

"Where next?"

"In the Colonel's tent at St. Paul."

"Anywhere else that year?" pursued the attorney.

"Yes," said Claire. "I saw her in Chicago first at the show grounds at Wentworth avenue and Thirty-fifth street. Miss Isabelle was driving to the grounds in a closed carriage and I took her directly to the colonel's tent. While there a telegram came for Colonel Cody. He was in a blackskin suit ready to go into the arena and told me to get him change out of clothes in his dressing room. I could not find any change.

"Wonder what I did with that hundred?' said Colonel Cody.

"At this Miss Isbelle pulled a roll of bills out and said:

"'Here it is—I took it out of your pocket in the Hotel.'

Wanted to Ride in Parade.

"When did you next see Miss Isbelle?" asked the attorney.

"At the show grounds. She and the colonel drove out in a closed carriage. I heard her call him 'Pahaska,' an Indian name she often called him by, and ask if she could ride in the parade with him.

"'Pahaska,' explained the lawyer, "means the long haired one."

"The colonel would not let her ride in the parade," continued Claire, "and when he had gone she sank down on a cot in the tent and wept bitterly."

"Did you see her anywhere else that year?"

"Yes, at Audubon Park, New Orleans. I saw her driving with the colonel and afterward in his tent at the show grounds."

"What employment did Miss Isbelle have with the show in 1903?" "None whatever."

"Where did you first see Miss Isbelle in 1901?" asked Attorney Wilcox.

"At the Hoffman House in New York. She was in the colonel's room. I also saw her around the show at Madison Square Garden every day for three weeks."

"What employment connection did she have with the show that year?"

"None whatever."

LONDON BUYING; MARKET STRONG

London was a heavy buyer of stocks in Wall street to-day, particularly of Union Pacific, which was the early feature of the speculation, the price rising over 2 points to above 133. The buying of this issue was in heavy blocks and there was considerable talk of a fight for control by Harriman and Morgan. The general Wall street list was strong to buoyant. Commission brokers were reported heavy buyers of Amalgamated.

The strength of Amalgamated in New York was reflected by a stronger and broader market for the copper shares in Boston. In Utah Copper Boston, Allouez, Mass and Michigan were active.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	2:30 p.m.
Adventure	8	8
Allouez	74½	75
Amalgamated	73½	73¾
Am. Ag. Ch. preferred	91	91
Am. Ag. Ch. preferred	91	91
American Pneumatic	6	6
American Pneumatic preferred	25	25
American Sugar	144½	144½
American Sugar preferred	130	130
American Woolen preferred	97½	97½
Atlantic	17	17
Atlantic preferred	86¼	86¼
Atchison preferred	102	102
Boughton	82½	82½
Boston Elevated	156	156
Boston & Maine	207	207
Calumet & Hecla	690	690
Centennial	20	20
Copper Range	71	71
Daly-West	17½	17½
Franklin	17½	17½
Greenwater	3½	3½
Isle Royale	28	28
Mass. Electric	14½	14½
Mass. Electric pfd	71	71
Mass. Gas	83½	84
Mass. Gas pfd	94½	94½
Mohawk	57½	57½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	204½	204½
Old Dominion	29½	29½
Osceola	95	95
Pullman	202	202
Shannon	7	7
Shoe Machinery	36½	36½
Shoe Machinery pfd	93½	93½
Tamarack	117	117
Trinity	11½	11
U. S. Steel	31¾	32
U. S. Steel pfd	95½	95½
United Fruit	132	132
U. S. Mining	15½	15½
U. S. Rubber	13	13
Utah Copper	35	35
Victoria	12½	12½
Wisconsin	32½	32½
Wolverine	118	117½
Winthrop	4	4

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	2:30 p.m.
Amalgamated Copper	74¼	73¾
American Smelting	83½	83½
American Smelting pref.	91¾	91¾
American Sugar	144½	144¾
American Woolen	30¾	30¾
Anaconda	39¾	39¾
Atchison	88½	88½
Atchison preferred	102	102
Baltimore & Ohio	104¾	104¾
Brooklyn Transit	72¾	72¾
Canadian Pacific	137½	137½
Chesapeake & Ohio	44	44
Chicago, Great West	24¾	24¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. P.	170	170
Consol. Gas	201	201
Delaware & Hudson	176½	176½
Erie	44¾	44¾
Erie 1st pfd	80	78¾
Erie 2d pref	68¾	68¾
General Electric	166½	166½
Illinois Central	146½	146½
Louisville & Nashville	136¾	136¾
Manhattan Elevated	139¾	139¾
Metropolitan	127½	127½
New York Central	147¾	147¾
Pennsylvania	135¾	135¾
Wabash	20½	20

TO PREVENT THE GRIP

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide cold and grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

GREAT REVIVALIST SWAYS MULTITUDE

Evangelist Dawson Begins Noon-day Meetings in Park Street Church.

Emphasizes Importance of the Omnipotence of the Christ.

"If Christ came to Chicago—if—there is no 'if.' Christ never left Chicago. Christ never left Boston. Christ has heard every cry of the eternal breast that lurks beneath the polished surfaces of your modern society. He had witnessed every vote passed for unjust laws and has moved through every crowd, saddened by injustice or intoxicated with brutal pride—

Every cruel thought and plan
Of the cruel heart of man
Though but whispered He can hear."

This was the dominant note in the sermon preached at the noon revival meeting at the Park Street Church by the Rev. William J. Dawson, the noted London evangelist. The church was crowded. Many of those who got in had to stand up. An attempt to hold an overflow meeting in the room below was abandoned, as it made too much noise. It was the opening service of a two weeks' series of noon meetings.

Held Audience Spellbound.

"Then came Jesus, the door being shut, and stood in their midst." These were the words from St. John which the minister spoke. The words came from his lips at times slowly, then swiftly. Always they were clearly enunciated. They were audible to every one. In them was a plaintive tone, a pleading note. His voice was wonderful in its range. There is the high, sweet note of the tenor and then, suddenly, the low, sonorous rumbling of the basso. He is a finished elocutionist. His words were emphasized by many gestures. His sermon was that of the scholar, his delivery that of the finished actor.

Throughout his address the audience sat as immovable figures in a painted picture. Heads thrown back, faces forward, eyes on the speaker—there was no exception. The preacher whispered and they heard him.

President Samuel B. Capen, LL.D., began the service proper. The hymn, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," was sung, the audience standing.

The Rev. Dr. Reuen Thomas read a short Scripture lesson and offered prayer.

"Our souls thirst for the living God," he prayed. "We wait upon Thee expectantly. Help us, Oh Christ, help us."

Then came the distinguished visitor's sermon.

The Christ Is Everywhere.

"So, then," said the preacher, "you may avoid the church, and you may avoid the Bible, and you may avoid the company of Christian people, but you cannot avoid Jesus Christ. He will meet you where you least think of Him. He will meet you on the race course, on the football field, in the office, or in the home. He will look at you with sad eyes in the house of shameful pleasure. He will pass you in the street, in the garb of a beggar and outcast; he will sit beside you in the solitary room where you nurse the remembered sweetness of your sin or rage against yourself for your folly. Send the door against Him. Bar it firm with hostility and scorn. Nevertheless, you cannot escape Christ.

"Christ is so much part of human life that life is being constantly judged and measured by His example and His spirit. Christ has so entered into the human life you cannot live without Christ. Disciple of Christ. Consciously or unconsciously, Christ is with us always. Our life is constantly overshadowed with His gracious personality.

"In Every Thought, in Every Breath."

"Ah, there is an infinitely true sense in which Jesus stands in the very central room of your great castle. He does not stand as no figure of stone, but the living Christ, to rebuke and to uplift us. Know that he is here, knocks at your wicked heart. He is part of the air we breathe, of the life we live, of the very atmosphere in which our thought pulsates. Whether we admit it or not, we live in Christ's America, in Christ's England, and there is not a drop of blood in our veins that is not colored with the blood of Christ; there is not a throb of thought in our brain that is not thrilling with the impact of that life of lives, which moves through all men and lives through all time.

"It is one of the curses of modern life that we are growing callous over our pleasures and indifferent to our duties, and there are some of you whose pleasures are shameful and secret. They are pleasures behind closed doors. You shut the door and say, 'Here no eye will see me.' And even as you speak the Christ who went into the darkest pit of the world to succor and find his lost sheep is gliding into that room, and he turns your pleasure into a deadly horror with his glance.

"And so I put one, only one question to you. The unavoidable Christ, why do you want to avoid him? Are you ashamed of him? Are you ashamed of being a Christian? Why, the very greatest thing a man can be in this world is to be a Christian.

Need Holy Impulse.

"We all need some influence and some impulse outside ourselves to keep us up to our best ideals. One man finds an impulse in books, another in stimulating friendship, another in loyalty to some chivalrous ideal of life; but the greatest of all impulses that can uplift the life is the sense of comradeship of Jesus. Oh, think of what it means to know that as we walk about the world there is one beside us whom we cannot see, but whom we know; whose eyes rest upon us, whose heart beats toward us, whose love is ours!

"Young men, remember not only that the eyes of Jesus are resting on you, but act so that those eyes are glad to rest on you; and if you can find me a better impulse to high things than that I do not know it."

Impressive Closing.

The close of the service was very impressive. The heads of the audience were bowed in silent prayer. After a few moment these words were repeated after the minister:

"Speak, Lord, for Thy servant heareth."

Another silence followed. Then these words followed the minister in concert:

"Lord, what will thou have me to do?"

Another interval of quiet and then the great crowd spoke these words:

"Even so, come Lord Jesus." The benediction followed. The following card was passed among those present:

"GOD HELPING ME, I DO NOW TURN FROM MY SINS UNTO HIM, AND ACCEPT JESUS CHRIST AS MY PERSONAL SAVIOR."

Name .....

Residence .....

Church or Pastor preferred.....

FILL OUT AND HAND TO USHER

Old and Young in Great Throng.

The crowd began to gather shortly after 11 o'clock. The spacious main floor of the church was filled before the noon hour. It was a striking audience. As the reporter of the BOSTON AMERICAN walked up the aisle he was struck by the great number of old men present. It was a sea of silvery heads. Where the hair was not white it had gone and left a bare spot of gray.

Gray heads, gray beards, gold spectacles! They were seen at every turn. It was a most respectable looking crowd. They were all well dressed. Many men of wealth were among them. Mr. Dawson, used to the London slums and to the rags of the rabble, looked not upon one of these when he walked upon the platform. For the most part these were not active business men. They were men who have retired.

Shortly before noon the men from the shops and stores and marts of trade began to crowd in. They were younger. The black and blonde locks began to sprinkle among the gray. They went up the stairs and filled the gallery. It was five minutes of 12 when the Rev. Mr. Dawson walked in. The audience was singing "Onward, Christian Soldier." He took his seat on the platform. He did not join in the singing. In general appearance the great London revivalist reminds one of the pictures of General Ben Butler.

Sketches of Evangelist Dawson by a Boston American Artist.

ADMIRAL WILDE RETIRED TO-DAY

Rear Admiral George F. Wilde, commandant at the Charlestown Navy Yard, and "Father of the White Squadron," went on the retired list at half past 10 to-day. Five minutes later he passed out of his office, and expressions of regret from the officers assembled.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

TAKES SLANDER CASE FROM JURY

Judge Hitchcock in the Norfolk Superior Court sitting at Dedham to-day ordered the jury in the case of Ex-Mayor Charles M. Bryant of Quincy, sued for $50,000 damages for alleged slanderous statements made before a legislative committee which investigated the coal strike in 1901, by H. F. Elsen and Charles G. Sheppard, coal dealers of Quincy Point, to return a verdict in favor of Bryant. This was done.

The evidence in the case was finished Friday, and the arguments of both sides heard to-day. The Sheppards claimed that Bryan in his testimony had stated that the Sheppards were holding the people of Quincy in their clutches by withholding coal. The Sheppards claimed that these statements had injured their business and personal standing in the community.

In announcing his instructions Judge Hitchcock said:

"The court holds that as the alleged slanderous words were uttered while the defendant was a sworn witness before a legislative committee that they are absolutely privileged, and the defendant is not liable."

JOE JEFFERSON IS 76 TO-DAY

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 20.—Joseph Jefferson, the noted actor, is seventy-six years old to-day. His birthday finds him feeble, unable longer to walk. He is confined about in a chair, but is still as bright and strong mentally as in his physical prime.

GAS FIGHT NOW BEFORE LEGISLATURE

Committee on Public Lighting to Give Hearing on Numerous Bills To-morrow.

TRUST OPPOSES CHANGES.

Before the legislative committee on public lighting hearings will be held to-morrow on a number of bills which have been introduced in the House with the object of readjusting the gas situation in Boston. The bills represent the people's side of the fight for 80-cent gas, and the many details involved have a bearing on this matter.

The Gas Trust has prepared to contest all of the bills which will be considered to-morrow, as favorable action on them would seriously affect the trust's offerings, it is understood, to resist any change being made in the monopoly of the gas lighting and the fixing of the price of gas.

One of the bills to be considered provides that the proposed Boston Consolidated Gas Company shall not be capitalized at more than a figure equalling the aggregate of the capital now outstanding of the gas companies to be included in the consolidation. The Gas Trust hopes to increase the stock of these companies from $10,000,000 to about $20,000,000.

"Fair Value" of Plants.

A legislative act of 1907, which the Gas Trust succeeded in slipping through the Legislature, authorizes capitalization according to the "fair value" of the plants and fixes 6 to 8 per cent as a dividend. A bill is still pending before the Gas Commissioners. The bill to be heard to-morrow seeks to amend this act, thereby taking the matter out of the hands of the Gas Commission. This bill was introduced by Representative John A. Cuddihee, president of the United Improvement Associations of Boston.

Another bill introduced for the same purpose is that of Prescott F. Hall, and this will be given a hearing also. Still another bill regulating the capital of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company in a similar manner was filed by Attorney John B. Moran.

Repeal Capitalization Act.

Mr. Moran also filed a bill for the repeal of the act providing for the capitalization, and one to have the public hearing in the capitalization question conducted according to the rules of evidence followed in a court of law. This bill provides further that the Gas Commissioners may be empowered to summon any witnesses to testify at the hearing, and to compel the production of desired papers. At present the board has no power to call a witness.

These bills, with several others, all of which call for changes in the gas situation, will be given a hearing to-morrow.

Attorney Arthur D. Hill, who represents the people of Boston, through the BOSTON AMERICAN, has examined the several bills and will appear for some of the bills, counsel for the Gas Trust will be present to fight against them all. The different improvement associations of Greater Boston will appear for the bills, and have arranged for representation at the hearing.

EAST BOSTON'S PLEA FOR 80 CENT GAS IS DELAYED A MONTH

The hearing before the Massachusetts Gas and Electric Light Commission on the petition of East Boston gas consumers for 80-cent gas was postponed to-day for four weeks on consent of counsel, Junius T. Adams for the petitioners, and Holmes P. Hunt for the gas company.

Some months ago the East Boston Gas Company reduced the price of gas from $1.20 per 1,000 feet to 90 cents by order of the Gas Commissioners. The consumers still feel, however, that they are being charged an excessive price.

CROWLEY TAKES CASE TO COURT

James A. Crowley, who has been removed from the position of Superintendent of Sewers by the Board of Aldermen of Everett, has filed a petition with the clerk of the Middlesex Courts, asking the Superior Court to grant writs of certiorari and mandamus against George S. Marshall, William J. Schopperly, James G. Lewis, Herbert W. Lewis and P. Joseph Connors, composing the board.

In March of last year Crowley was appointed Superintendent of Sewers, serving till February 13, 1905, when the office was abolished. A new position, that of foreman of sewers, with the same salary of $1,200, was created and given to Cyrus A. Libby.

Crowley claims that the action of the Board of Public Works was illegal and void.

Look for the "United" shield on the window when you buy cigars —it points the way to high quality

CIGARS UNITED

We Suggest for This Week

A SPLENDID CIGAR FOR 6c.

THE GENERAL SHAFTER is a medium size, very well made cigar. The tobacco used for the filler is a particularly fine blend of choice Havana, and yields a most pleasing smoke—not heavy but very rich.

TRY ONE TO-DAY

6 CENTS EACH $3.00 BOX OF 50

United Cigar Stores Co.

Stores in Principal Cities. 12 Stores in Boston.

FAIR SCOTCH BALLADIST TO SING AT BURNS CONCERT

MISS JESSIE MACLACHLAN

SWEET BALLADIST FOR BURNS CONCERT.

Jessie Maclachlan, Whose Sweet Voice Charmed Queen Victoria, to Appear in Tremont Temple.

Miss Jessie K. Maclachlan, the Scottish singer, is coming to Boston to sing for the concert of the Burns Memorial Association in Tremont Temple to-morrow evening.

Announcement of her coming has created intense interest among Scotchmen in Boston. Miss Maclachlan is regarded across the water as the foremost singer of Scottish ballads. She sang for Queen Victoria, and was frequently summoned to Balmoral Castle when the sovereign sought the quiet of that place. Among the most treasured of the singer's possessions is a tablet

Which Queen has desired Princess Louise to write and tell Miss Maclachlan how much pleased she was to have heard her sing. Her Majesty admired both her voice and method of singing and was delighted with the Scotch and Gaelic songs. Miss Maclachlan will receive a bracelet, sent from Balmoral, which is a present to her from the Queen, which Her Majesty bade she will keep in remembrance of her visit there.

The bracelet was received by Miss Maclachlan and is worn with great pride by the singer.

With Miss Maclachlan are Douglas Young of Edinburgh, a reciter; Jessie Maclinden, the Scotch cellist, and Robert Buchanan of Glasgow, pianist.

C. J. HAMLIN, NOTED HORSE BREEDER, DIES

BUFFALO, Feb. 20.—Cicero J. Hamlin, one of Buffalo's wealthiest citizens, and a horseman of wide reputation, brother of The Abbott, Lord Derby and other famous trotters and pacers, died here to-day.

He was about eighty-six years old. His son, Harry Hamlin, belongs to the Newport society colony.

Mr. Hamlin, a lover of horses from childhood, became famous as a breeder years ago, and owned several of the most famous trotters in the country.

He retired from the turf in 1900, when his stable was sold at Madison Square Garden in New York. The Abbott was bought at that sale by John L. Scannell, then Fire Commissioner of New York, for $26,500.

PINKHAM, HAVERHILL POSTMASTER-TO-BE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Among the nominations of postmasters sent to the Senate to-day was that of Horace I. Pinkham, Haverhill, Mass.

WINTER RASHES

Instantly Relieved by Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

And gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure and purest and sweetest of emollients. This is the most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, and is sure to succeed when all other methods fail.

Cuticura Soap, 25c. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. Cuticura Ointment, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Square; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Avenue. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Every Humor."

ECZEMA

The Terrible Skin Scourge; Itching, Burning, Bleeding, Weeping, Crusting, Scaling.

Little Torments for Infants, Children, and Adults. No Alkali, no soap from burning, itching. Hopeless mothers even cut with weary watching. Then a quick, positive cure in

SKINHEALTH TREATMENT 75c.

Consists of Hardsa Soap, medicated, antiseptic; Skinhealth cuticle, to kill bunger germs, heal the skin and stop itching, and Skinhealth Tablets, to expel humor germs. MULTITUDES OF MOTHERS rely on Skinhealth treatment with Hardsa Soap for immediately relieving and quickly curing all kinds of distressing humors from infancy to old age, for beautifying the skin, and for preventing all irritations and the usage antiseptic baby druggists.

Send for FREE SAMPLES and booklets, enclosing 6c. postage, to POND-[illegible], Newark, N.J.

Before applying, wash with Hardsa Soap.

LAWSON TELLS HOW AMALGAMATED BEGAN

STORY OF BIG COPPER DEAL GIVEN IN FULL

Shows "System's" Principle in Money Making and Some of Its Results.

SCORNS 'HONEST DOLLAR'

"A dollar honestly made makes another for some one else, but a dollar taken in two dollars, because it increases our power and diminishes the people's."

—FROM THOMAS W. LAWSON'S "STORY OF AMALGAMATED."

Principle of Standard Oil Trust, According to Lawson

A dollar honestly made makes another for some one else, but a dollar taken is two dollars, because it increases our power and diminishes the people's.

—FROM THOMAS W. LAWSON'S "STORY OF AMALGAMATED."

"A dollar honestly made makes another for some one else, but a dollar taken is two dollars, because it increases our power and diminishes the people's."

This is the religious principle practised by the Standard Oil Trust, as set down in the "System's Big Book," according to Thomas W. Lawson in Part II. of his "Frenzied Finance" articles, which has begun in the March number of Everybody's Magazine, out to-day.

In this part of the author's story of Amalgamated he plunges right into the subject of copper, tells how Amalgamated was evolved and describes an interview in which he induced Henry H. Rogers to take up the project. He tells the method of the Standard Oil Trust in organizing a stock campaign on the principle as set forth in the "System's Big Book," a touchup on the bitter fight over Butte & Boston.

Mr. Lawson tells how he broached the subject of copper to Mr. Rogers after they had had a gas talk. Mr. Lawson began:

Interview With Rogers.

"Mr. Rogers, would Mr. Rockefeller and yourself look into Copper?"

"Copper?" said he in an amused way. "copper? What kind of copper?"

"Why, copper such as we know in Boston—copper the metal, copper the industry, copper stocks."

He burst into one of his jolly laughs. "Look into it? Why, I don't know much about copper other than that we had old copper kettles when I was a boy which were used to fry doughnuts in, but I suppose my plumbers would look at anything you wanted, for I remember I get big bills for copper tanks at the house."

Mr. Lawson says that the copper plan was to buy up all the good producing mines at their market price or close to it necessary, to organize them into a new corporation and offer the stock to the public at a capitalization at double the original cost.

"This," continued Mr. Lawson, "means that the old going prices of good producing Boston copper mines would advance 100 to 200 per cent, which in turn means that these mines, which I figured from the first venture, which I figured would require $10,000,000, would be worth $20,000,000 to $30,000,000, while at the same time the public would pay for them from $40,000,000 to $400,000,000. This seems like an 'Alsdalla lamp' fairy scheme to you, but as you suppose my plumbers would look at anything you wanted, for I remember I get big bills for copper tanks at the house."

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HEIR TO GERMAN THRONE DISAGREES WITH FIANCEE

PRINCE FREDERICK AND DUCHESS CECELIA.

Crown Prince Frederick Shatters Kaiser's Hope for Son's Future.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Conflicting stories are being circulated here in reference to the differences said to have arisen between Crown Prince Frederick William of the reigning house, and his fiancee, the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklinburg-Schwerin.

Those who deny that the Crown Prince and the Duchess have parted in anger say that the reason of her departure was to visit her mother, Archduchess Anastasia.

The reason given for the failure of the Crown Prince to accompany her is said to have been his reluctance to visit Prague at this time. The Crown Prince and the Duchess had been visiting Hanover and it was the sudden departure of the young woman that caused the rumor of the differences to spread.

The engagement began when the Crown Prince was visiting the Duchess and her mother in their lodge in Muerrits, on the Baltic, last September. Late in the afternoon tea was served, and the Prince asked the Duchess to marry him. Upon receiving the consent of her mother, the Prince wired to the Emperor and Empress, who were dining with notable people of Schleswig-Holstein. The Emperor arose and, announcing the news, called for three hurrahs for the regal couple, which were given with a will.

BOND ISSUE FOR PHILIPPINES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—After consultation with several financial experts of prominence the Secretary of War has decided to make the $2,500,000 issue of bonds authorized by the Cooper act for public works and other improvements in the Philippine Islands, 1903a, bearing four per cent. interest. Advertisements will soon be issued by the Bureau of Insular affairs for the sale of these bonds.

$1,500,000 FIRE IN INDIANAPOLIS

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 20.—The ruins of the fire that destroyed $1,500,000 worth of property in the wholesale district and threatened the entire business centre of the city are still smouldering, and several engines are playing streams upon them, while firemen and police are patrolling the district to prevent a second outbreak of the flames.

ANCIENTS TO HONOR MILES

General Nelson Miles will be the chief guest of honor at the dinner and smoke talk to be given at the Revere House, Wednesday at 1:30 o'clock, by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. Among the guests will be Rev. E. A. Horton, Rev. Dr. W. H. Ryder, Hon. John C. Burke, of Lowell, Lieutenant Colonel Courtenay, of Boston, and the Rev. Dr. Hudson, of Brockton. Several members of the staff of Governor Douglas will be present.

FIND BODY OF MAN IN HARBOR

Shortly before noon today the body of a man was recovered from the water near the Congress street bridge by the crew of the harbor police boat.

It was that of a man about fifty years of age, five feet eight inches tall, weight 150 pounds, gray hair and mustache, wearing a black overcoat, sack undercoat, blue vest, striped gray trousers, blue shirt, black string tie, black shoes and storm rubbers. The body was removed to the undertaking rooms of Fred Briggs, Howard street.

1843 — THE FIRST AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY — 1905

The Mutual Life
Insurance Company of New York

OLDEST IN AMERICA ═══ LARGEST IN EXISTENCE

ASSETS OVER 440 MILLION DOLLARS

The year 1904 was the most successful year in the history of the Company, now in its sixty-third year, excelling in Increase of Membership, Increase of Insurance Issued, Increase of Amount Loaned to Members, Increase of Mortuary and Endowment Payments, Increase of Income, Increase of Funds Accumulated for the Benefit of Members, Increase of Dividends to be Paid Policy-holders and Decrease of Expense Ratio.

The following additional figures, constituting its Balance Sheet, illustrate with equal significance the very great and satisfactory progress of the Company:

AVAILABLE FUNDS	Dec. 31, 1904	GAIN IN 1904
The Company Owned:		
1—Bonds and Stocks, amounting, at the Market Value, to	$243,191,442 24	$28,478,208 87
2—Real Estate, chiefly in the large cities of the world where the Company does business	34,701,700 81	889,567 01
3—Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	17,973,159 59	—4,487,890 43
And it Had Loaned:		
4—On First Mortgages of Real Estate	102,027,893 42	12,802,973 28
5—To Policy-holders on their Policies	23,277,738 49	4,351,685 85
6—On Bonds and Stocks	11,210,000 00	—3,007,500 00
And there was Due the Company:		
7—For Interest Accrued, Quarterly and Semi-annual Premiums, Etc.	8,596,438 81	629,219 92
Making the Total Available Funds	$440,978,371 16	$39,156,709 50

LIABILITIES	Dec. 31, 1904	GAIN IN 1904
1—Amount required by law as a Reserve Fund for paying all the Company's Insurance Risks, as certified by the New York Insurance Department, and for Claims due	$366,620,552 73	$26,793,734 73
2—Contingent Guarantee Fund, out of which future dividends to policies now in force will be payable as they become due by the terms of the policies of Insurance	71,457,818 43	12,292,974 77
3—Fund for Immediate Dividends to be paid on Policies in the year following	2,900,000 00	70,000 00
Making the Total Liabilities as a Mutual Company	$440,978,371 16	$39,156,709 50

INCOME	In 1904	GAIN IN 1904
1—Received for Premiums	$62,932,097 10	$2,781,077 44
2—Received from Interest and all Other Sources	18,070,887 47	888,194 37
Total Received	$81,002,984 57	$3,669,271 81

DISBURSEMENTS AND ACCUMULATIONS	In 1904	GAIN IN 1904
1—Paid Policy-holders	$34,726,548 34	$1,998,708 23
2—Paid for all Other Accounts	16,656,183 10	570,847 12
3—Total Disbursements	$51,382,731 44	$2,575,115 45
4—Balance of Income Accumulated	29,620,253 13	1,094,156 36
Total Disbursed and Accumulated	$81,002,984 57	$3,669,271 81

A Pamphlet consisting a complete list of all the Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company, amounting to $243,191,442 24, and the amount held of each, with its par and market value, will be mailed to any address on written request to the Home Office.

The Market Value of the Bonds and Stocks owned at the end of the year was **$25,810,689.51 in excess of their cost** on the books of the Company, and these results have been obtained without resort to questionable practices or the use of methods derogatory to the reputation of

The Representative Life Insurance Company of the World.

From its Organization in 1843 up to December 31, 1904, The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has paid to and accumulated for its Policy-holders over One Thousand One Hundred and Six Millions of Dollars ($1,106,701,837), **which is over Two Hundred and Seventeen Millions more than any other Company has accomplished.**

Its Accumulated Assets of $440,978,371.16 are nearly **Thirty-one Millions more than those of any other Company.**

FREDERICK E. KEEP,
Manager Boston Agency, Mutual Life Building, 95 Milk St., Boston, Mass.

BRANCH AGENCY, 314 Tremont Building; P. "Tancred, Manager.
WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT, Mutual Life Building, 95 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. S. E. P. Drake, Manager.

ESSEX COUNTY AGENCIES.

Lynn—21 Exchange St. — Amesbury—78 Main St.
Lawrence—362 Essex St. — Haverhill—37 Merrimac St.
Beverly—Endicott Building. — Gloucester—6 Webster Block.

LOUIS L. HOPKINS,
Manager Eastern Mass. Agency, 212 Old South Building, Boston, Mass.

SHOE AND LEATHER BRANCH, 11 South Street.

LOWELL OFFICE, Donovan Building.

WALTHAM OFFICE, Bank Building; E. A. Walker, District Manager.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL BOSTON, MASS. 96

Miss Mabel Paton, of the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, is seeking the aid of organized labor in securing the passage of House bills 720 and 478, providing for amendments to the present laws governing the sale of furniture on instalments. Bill 478 proposes to bring all instalment agents under the law governing hawkers and peddlers. Bill 720 provides an amendment to the present law to the effect that before goods purchased on instalments are taken back for non-payment the holders shall be given thirty days' notice in writing before the goods may be taken from them, in the case of furniture taken up for non-payment that at least fifty per cent. of the amount paid in shall be returned to the buyer. Miss Paton appeared before the central Labor Union and addressed the delegates on the subject.

ASPHALT AGREEMENT.

Notice has been sent to the twelve employers of cement and asphalt workers in Boston by the unions controlling these workers that during the present week agreements will be presented all of the employers to sign. The employers are asked with the hours and the scale of wages under which they are now working, but wish to fix these definitely by signed agreements with the employers. The agreements also call for an adoption of the closed shop principal. Penalty of a strike after May 1, unless the agreements are signed is attached to the notice sent out to the employers.

ADDRESS ON SOCIALISM.

The Rev. Dennis T. O'Sullivan, of Boston College, spoke to the delegates of the Central Labor Union yesterday on the subject of Socialism. He said that Socialism meant the destruction of the family and the home.

CARPENTERS JOIN A. F. L.

Carpenters' District Council yesterday voted to cease inter-membership with the State branch of the American Federation of Labor. The council will send out a letter to all of the thirty brotherhoods and affiliated unions recommending that they join the A. F. of L., and to those of them not already affiliated with the Central Labor Union to join that body also. The council represents the 5,000 union carpenters in Boston.

PRES. BALTHORN COMING.

International President Baltihorn, of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators and Paperhangers is expected in Boston late today. He will address the meeting of the Paperhangers' Union to-night, and to-morrow night will speak before Painters' Union No. 11. During his stay he will hold a conference with a committee of the Painters' District Council.

LABOR NOTES.

Boston Cigar Makers' Union No. 97 spent $8,875.09 during the past six months for advertising the union label and assisting other unions. The Fall River textile workers' union spent $1,300.

Sixty-one new members were obligated at the last meeting of General Team Drivers' Union No. 381.

A committee of three, headed by President F. A. Keese, of the Iron Central Labor Union, has been appointed by Boot and Shoe Workers' Unions of Lynn to address Boston union meetings this week in the interest of the boot and shoe workers, and on every night in three weeks to women and children.

Within the past six months 400 jobs have been secured for members of the Metal Polishers' International Union, Local No. 33, through the efforts of the business agent, Edward Atkinson. Paul Knudsen has been successful in organizing the Polishers' Helpers' Union No. 77. During his stay he will hold a conference with a committee of the Painters' District Council.

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MIDVALE FILES ARMOR PROTEST

By Boston American Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The officers of the Midvale Steel Works of Pennsylvania, whose bid for furnishing plate was rejected on the ground that the company was not able to turn out products of proper rank, made a strong protest to the Secretary of the Navy against the award of the contract for steel plate to the Bethlehem Iron Works. Rear Admiral C. J. Harrah, president; Capt. F. F. Bullard, vice-president, and Asst. Engr. Capt. Lowe, were presenting to the President and Representative Mercer, a protest against the decision of the Navy Department, and it was declared that the Midvale establishment was fully capable of turning out the character of armor plate desired by the navy in just as satisfactory time and condition as the Bethlehem concern.

The President said he would take the matter under consideration. It was claimed by the Midvale people that their bid was about $400,000 below that of the Bethlehem concern.

MARCONI TO WED MARCH 16

BOLOGNA, Feb. 20.—The religious wedding of Wilhim Marconi and Lady Beatrice O'Brien is fixed for March 16, at the Catholic Church of St. George, London.

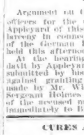
FIGHT TO-DAY FOR APPLEYARD

Argument on the application of Buffalo officers for the extradition of Arthur C. Appleyard of this city, charged with grand larceny in connection with the recent theft of the German Bank of Buffalo, will be held this afternoon.

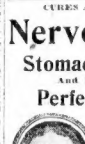
At the hearing this afternoon an affidavit by Appleyard and a long brief will be submitted by his counsel. The argument against granting his extradition will be made by Mr. Williams. If it is granted, Sergeant Holmes will be given the custody of the accused man, and he will be taken immediately to Buffalo for trial.

CURES ALL FORMS OF

Nervousness
Stomach Trouble
And Puts One In
Perfect Health



J. Coleman, 7 Elmwood St., Roxbury, Mass., says: "I suffered for years with constipation. All forms remedies gave no lasting relief. I have given Quinoa a good trial and write to say that I am entirely well now in their normal condition."



Mrs. M. J. Day, 398 Northampton St., Boston, Mass., says: "Our little daughter, Marie Odella, had been very peevish for some time owing to a bad cold. I gave her Quinoa, while taking it myself. She is now all right again and is the same roguish little fat fellow I was in our house."

Edward Mahoney, 2 Cranshaw pl., Roxbury Dist., Boston, says: "Suffering from sleeplessness and nervousness I gave Quinoa to one of my family benefited by Quinoa, to try it myself. And the first start I felt relief. I was living and now write to say that my nervousness has entirely disappeared and I sleep splendidly every night."

Quinoa will cure any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, indigestion, headache, constant colds, makes rich blood and quickly gives strength and vitality in place of that tired, dragged-out feeling. At the very first you feel the good Quinoa is doing. All druggists sell Quinoa, the doctors' prescription, $1 for large bottle. For free medical advice write The Quinoa Co., 1 Hartford St., Boston.

SHEET MUSIC

Our Price Is **17c** Per Copy or Any 3 for 50 Cents Postpaid

Send two cents for our complete catalogue containing all the popular vocal and instrumental music published.

Vocal.

Longing for You. Latest and greatest success by writer of "Blue Bell."
When the Harvest Moon Is Shining on the River (big song hit from the Dockstader Minstrels).
I Am Going to Leave You (by writer of "Good by, Our Little Love").
I Am Trying So Hard to Forget You (by Chas. K. Harris, writer of "I'm Wearing My Heart Away for You").
Go to and Coax Me (Harry Von Tilzer's latest and greatest success).
The Bells Ringing Songs by the Stream.
Waiting by the Front Is (by the Pumpkins, Magic Trio, writers of "When the Harvest Days Are Over").
A Little But Called Papa.
Please Come and Play in My Yard.
Hello the yellow bird.
Is Your Mother Busy More at Home Like You?
Dixie.
The Face in the Firelight.
I've Got Mr Keen on You (song).
There's a Dark Man Coming With a Bundle (Lew Dockstader's big hit).
You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.
Good Night, Ladies.
In Arkansas.
Sweetheart Waiting for Me.
Dreamy Alabama (by writer of "Dixie").
War Down East Among the Shady Maple Trees.
Abraham (by writer of "Alexander").

Vocal.

A Kiss for Each Day in the Week (from "The Runaways").
Come, Take a Trip in My Airship.
Why Don't They Play With Me?
Liz, I Love You.
Hot Time.
Good-bye, You (Lew Dockstader's big hit).
I Want to be a Soldier.
Sunday Morning When the Church Bells Ring.
Down Where the Swanee River Flows.
Alexander.
Under the Anheuser Bush.
Tell Me That Beautiful Story.
My Love I Dare Not Tell (song hit from "The Medal and the Maid").
Sweet Remembrance of Mine.
Blue Bell.
Goodby, Sue (by writer of "Blue Bell").
Goodby, Little Girl, Goodby.
Where the Mocking Birds Were Singing.
The Man with the Ladder and the Hose (great Broom song).
Under the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adeline.
Any Rags?
Don't Cry, Katie Dear.
Goodby, My Lady Love.
When the Roses Turn the Ocean's Blue to Gold.
Good Night, Beloved, Good Night.
"The Girl Who Cares for Me (by writer of "Sweetheart Waiting for Me").
When the Bees Are in the Hive.
Mamma's Boy.
A Flower from the Fields of Alabama.

Instrumental.

A TRIP TO NIAGARA MARCH (ONE OF THE PRETTIEST MARCHES PUBLISHED). OVER 50,000 COPIES SOLD UP TO DATE.
A Spray of Shamrock (by composer of "A Bit of Blarney").
Puppa Mama Schottische.
Love and Kisses Caprice.
A Medley of Favorite Airs (very teaching piece).
Cornfield Capers (by Harry Von Tilzer).
Among the Maples (Medley; vocal or instrumental).
Pulling Leaves Intermezzo.
College Life March (flower song).
Uncle Sam's Review (vocal and instrumental).
Star of the Sea (vocal or instrumental).
Lucy and Grace (by composer of "Cosy Corner").
Bells and Blossoms Waltz.
Gondolier.
Sweet Violet Waltz.
A Bit of Blarney (two steps).
Alfred Sweetness Waltz.
Handsome Harry (two steps).
Jolly Prim March.
Poems of Vocal Waltzes.
Roaming in the Gloaming (reveries).
Rosy Posy Waltz.
Lucy Clement (a beautiful love poem).
Love's Whisper (an idyl).
Our Director March.

SPECIAL

The latest successes by Paul Dresser, writer of the famous "On the Banks of the Wabash," "The Blue and the Gray," etc.

Vocal
She Fought On by His Side (great song hit of George Primrose Minstrels).
The Day Your Love Grew Colder (featured by Richard Jose).

Vocal
Jim Judson from the Town of Hackensack (successor to "Bill Bailey").
Mary Mine (latest by Paul Dresser).

Vocal,
She Went to the City (new descriptive ballad).
Up and Down the Stile (sung by Jessie Bartlett Davis).

REMIT IN DRAFT OR MONEY ORDER ON NEW YORK OR IN STAMPS.

AMERICAN MUSIC LIBRARY
1789 BROADWAY . . . NEW YORK CITY

"The Dresswell"
159 TREMONT ST.
LADIES' OUTFITTERS
Special Sale This Week.

100 Suits finely made and tailored,
6.50, 9.50, 12.50, 20.00, 22.50

100 Coats, black and covert, excellent values,
5.00, 7.00, 10.00, 12.50, 15.00

100 Shirt Waist Suits, just the thing for early spring,
4.00, 6.00, 8.50

MOTOR

The National Magazine of Motoring

Everyone Interested in Motoring

should secure a copy of the great February issue of MOTOR—on sale on all news stands. It contains a complete account, illustrated, of the two great Automobile Shows in New York City, and also contains the pictures of the 1905 models of all kinds of motor cars exhibited in the various Automobile Shows during the present year, together with complete specifications of each car.

MOTOR takes up the field of motoring in bright, snappy, interesting articles, splendidly illustrated, on motor-car and motor-boat racing, touring here and abroad, the pleasures, the fact and the fiction of motoring of all kinds—motor-car construction, how to care for motor cars, how to overcome difficulties, etc.

MOTOR is essential to every motor-car user and to all those interested in motoring. on 2015. Boston

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

HUMAN FISH DEFIES A TARPON EXPERT

BY TAD.

Catch the human fish is the new game being played by the New York Athletic Club, and when their team meets the lads from the Brookline Swimming Club this week, they hope to make a big "catch."

Charles E. Naething, who bats over 300, when it comes to tarpon fighting, has been telling the boys at the club what a wonder he is in that line, and what he can do with a line and sinker.

Fred Wells, one of the expert swimmers of the club, who hopes to help angle the lads from Boston, called Naething on his prowess, and the two wagered a large sum of money. The fisherman is to land the swimmer from the tank within twenty minutes or lose the bet. Wells is to wear a leather cap and attached to this will be the line in Naething's hand.

Wells is in the tank at the clubhouse every night doing all sorts of things, which will help him in his wager with the fisherman.

Billy Yan said that the best way to catch a fish is to put your head under the water and make a noise like a worm. That may do for Bill, but it won't help Naething land Wells, or the New York A. C. to land victory from their rivals from Boston, who have already caught them napping twice.

TUFTS' CAGE WORK TO-DAY

Candidates for the baseball team at Tufts will meet for the first time in the cage to-day. Seven veterans, including Pitchers Patch, Dickinson and Donovan, are out for the team. Captain Lamb will be at second, Slisson at third, McCarney and McCarthy in the outfield, and Gene Sullivan will most likely catch.

B. C. A. A. GAMES FOR TO-NIGHT

For the first time since the big meets of three and four years ago in Mechanics building, the Boston College Athletic Association will hold a set of indoor games in the college gymnasium, James street, this evening. Intense interest is being shown by the students in track athletics at the college this year, and the athletic board hopes to hold the meet next season in Mechanics building.

FIVE MEETS THIS WEEK

There are five athletic meets on the card for this week. To-night the Boston College meet will be held in the gym the St. Alphonsus and Brookline High meets are scheduled for Wednesday, the English-High Boston, Latin meet for Thursday and the annual affair of the Lawrence Light Guards for Saturday night.

LANGFORD WILL MAKE WEIGHT

So much talk has been made of the inability of Sam Langford to make the welterweight limit of 142 pounds that Joe Woodman, his manager, has felt it necessary for him to come out strong and speak from the shoulder. He says: "I will post $250 with the sporting editor of the BOSTON AMERICAN for Langford to make 140 pounds at 6 o'clock for Jimmy Gardner or 142 pounds at 6 o'clock for Honey Melody, Dave Holly, Jack Blackburn or any other man in the ring."

THE NEW YORK A. C. HOPE TO MAKE A BIG "CATCH" WHEN THEY MEET THE BROOKLINE SWIMMING CLUB THIS WEEK, ALTHOUGH THEY HAVE ANGLED TWICE FOR HONORS WITHOUT SUCCESS.

GOTHAM SPORTS MAY ENJOY BOXING GAME IN NEAR FUTURE

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The recent decision of Judge Tighe of Brooklyn that boxing bouts can be held in this city to public in regularly organized athletic clubs where it is proved that the contests are for members only and between members, and that no purses are given and no admission charged, has induced several well known pugilistic promoters to try to organize a club and give shows under stringent conditions. Sam Fitzpatrick has succeeded in interesting Ben Hurtig, of Hurtig & Seamon, who expects to join hands with Fitzpatrick in starting a new athletic club.

That the pair are not going to do anything by halves is shown by the plans they have already mapped out. Sam is to have full charge of the club, and Mr. Hurtig will be interested simply as a backer. Fitzpatrick's idea is to make the club as exclusive as possible, on the lines of the National Sporting Club, of London. The foreign club has an exclusive membership, and no person unless he is well recommended can enter the club to witness any of the contests. No tickets are sold to outsiders at these mills, and if a man fails to pass muster he cannot enter the building for love or money.

"My idea is to make the club one of the foremost of its kind in the world," explained Fitzpatrick yesterday. "New York will support a club like this, and I fell to see that it will not be both a financial and artistic success. I have in mind to limit the membership to 500 and give two shows a month.

"I intend to place the initiation fee at $10. Five hundred members at $10 each will bring up a sum total of $5,000, which will go toward removing any debt the club may be in, and also go toward aiding in making necessary improvements.

"The membership proper will only amount to 450, the remaining fifty to be composed of well known pugilists of honesty and ability. There will be no honorary membership. The fighters will have to join the club in the regular way, pay their dues and help the club along the same as any one else. I have every faith in the success of the project and I will put it into execution as soon as possible. Another plan which I intend to try after the club becomes a fixture is to set aside certain seats, two in all, one for the member and the other for the guest. The member's name will be upon his chair, and there will be no chance of any confusion or of getting the wrong chair. Members will be taxed according to the location of their seats near the ring, but the sum won't amount to much."

Fitzpatrick says that he has received offers of two buildings which can be turned into clubhouses, but thus far has not selected any particular place. Sam has not decided upon the limit of the bouts. In Buffalo at present bouts from fifteen to twenty rounds are allowed, and the police frequently attend the exhibition. Besides boxing, the new club will give vaudeville acts. There will also be smoking parties. If nothing goes amiss and a desirable location is secured, the new club will be ready for business in a few months.

RACING PAYS BEST IN THIS COUNTRY

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—At frequent intervals, particularly after the return of American jockeys and trainers from abroad, statements are made to the effect that "there is more money abroad for horsemen than there is to be found in this country." Such statements are made by Americans in Europe, if they have thoroughbreds that are fast enough, can win nearly twice as much as they can in England or Europe, and not have one-third the expense of running the stable.

The amounts won by the several leading owners in America, as compared with a similar number of men who headed the list on the English turf, reveal the fact that nearly $500,000 was paid out by the association racing under the jurisdiction of the Jockey Club to the American owners, whereas all the racing associations of England only furnished $651,000 to the lord English turfmen.

In America Herman B. Duryea won a trifle over $200,000, or $60,000 more than the amount won by the horses owned by Sir James Miller, who heads the list of winning owners in England. His horses won $139,040. Second on the English list is Major Eustace Loder, owner of Pretty Polly, the greatest filly in Europe, with a total of $96,495 to his credit. C. de Rothschild was third with $85,100, and the Duke of Portland fourth with $65,575.

The comparative table of the seven leaders follows:

	America.	England.
First	$200,107	$139,040
Second	104,208	99,107
Third	94,000	85,100
Fourth	82,567	65,575
Fifth	76,524	60,000
Sixth	66,021	59,000
Seventh	60,000	55,000

The figures in America only represent the money won in the East. Barney Schreiber, the St. Louis turfman, known as the "Master of the Southland," is credited by the list of owners in the West. His horses won $67,500. Edward Corrigan's stable placed his second with $62,164. The success of the former was particularly pleasing to him inasmuch as nearly every horse he raced was bred on his farm just on the outskirts of St. Louis.

'MATTY' HASN'T YET SIGNED WITH GIANTS

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Every member of the Giants' ball team will receive a notice to-day to meet in Savannah, Ga., March 1, to begin practice work for the coming baseball season. All the pitchers have signed except Mathewson, and he has sent word to Secretary Knowles that he will meet the club at the Southern training grounds and bring his contract with him. Of the last year's champion team seventeen have signed contracts for the coming season.

BIG CROWDS ON SPEEDWAYS

Both the Charles River and Brookline speedways were crowded all day yesterday, and although the condition of the roads was not all that could be desired, it nevertheless did not prevent one of the largest crowds of the season from enjoying the sleighing.

SOUTH BOSTON STILL LEADS

South Boston High School leads the Greater Boston Interscholastic Basketball League with a clean sheet of seven victories. Dorchester ranks second and is fighting hard to regain the supremacy which was lost in the game with South Boston High. Brighton High and East Boston High are third and fourth, respectively.

CRACK A. A. U. BOXERS OUT FOR CHAMP

That the amateur boxers of New York are lost after national honors this year is evident from the fact that fourteen of them, the pick and cream of the metropolis, have entered for the national championships which will be held in Mechanics' Building two weeks from to-night. Never in the history of amateur boxing have so many New Yorkers entered a national, much less men of such prominence. It certainly bears out the statement of a New York boxer, made some time ago, that the amateurs of the big city would make a concerted action to capture all of the leading honors at the national this year. Though the men entered all have done considerable boxing, one of them, Charles Mayer, already holding a championship title, they will go against some very speedy local men and will by no means have things their own way. Though the entries do not close until one week from to-night, enough boxers have entered to make this year's championship the greatest ever held in this country.

Just now the committee is very busy at the headquarters, room 851, Tremont building, arranging the entries and allotting the seats to the members, and from now on this will be a decidedly busy place. No tickets will be sold on the night of the championship, and those members who have not as yet had seats reserved for them should go at the earliest possible moment.

ROUSE O'BRIEN TO MEET "PINKIE" EVANS TO-NIGHT

All eyes will be on Brockton to-night, as the Shoe City has got one of the spicy bouts of the year within its limits, and reports say that the underdog list is completed, which insures a full house.

Pinkie Evans, the little stepper of renown, and Rouse O'Brien, Boston's proud dapper tantrum are the stars that are overshadowing so much interest in to-night's match, and there is good reason why they should, as it is the best card of the class that has been held in the East for a long time. O'Brien, practically a newcomer for the top notch, has no superior in New England in the minds of many, and will eventually be crowned as a champion, while Evans's numerous past battles establishes his standing. He is scheduled to meet Joe Bowker, the world's champion, in England, and the match he has made for the best preparation for to-night's match, as a "get back" for Bowker. Him up against O'Brien is just as anxious to win, as he is looking for the scalp of Jimmy Walsh, who claims to stand at the head of the bantam class. For speed this bout will outclass any exhibition ever seen around here, and ring masonry will cut a large figure in the result. As the bout is fifteen rounds' duration, there is every chance of seeing the boys go most of the distance at least, as each is too clever to get caught napping before they get thoroughly warmed up. At that they are likely to cut for pace out of the gong and seek to wear each other down by speed, as each is possessed of quantities of fast goods and know how to hit.

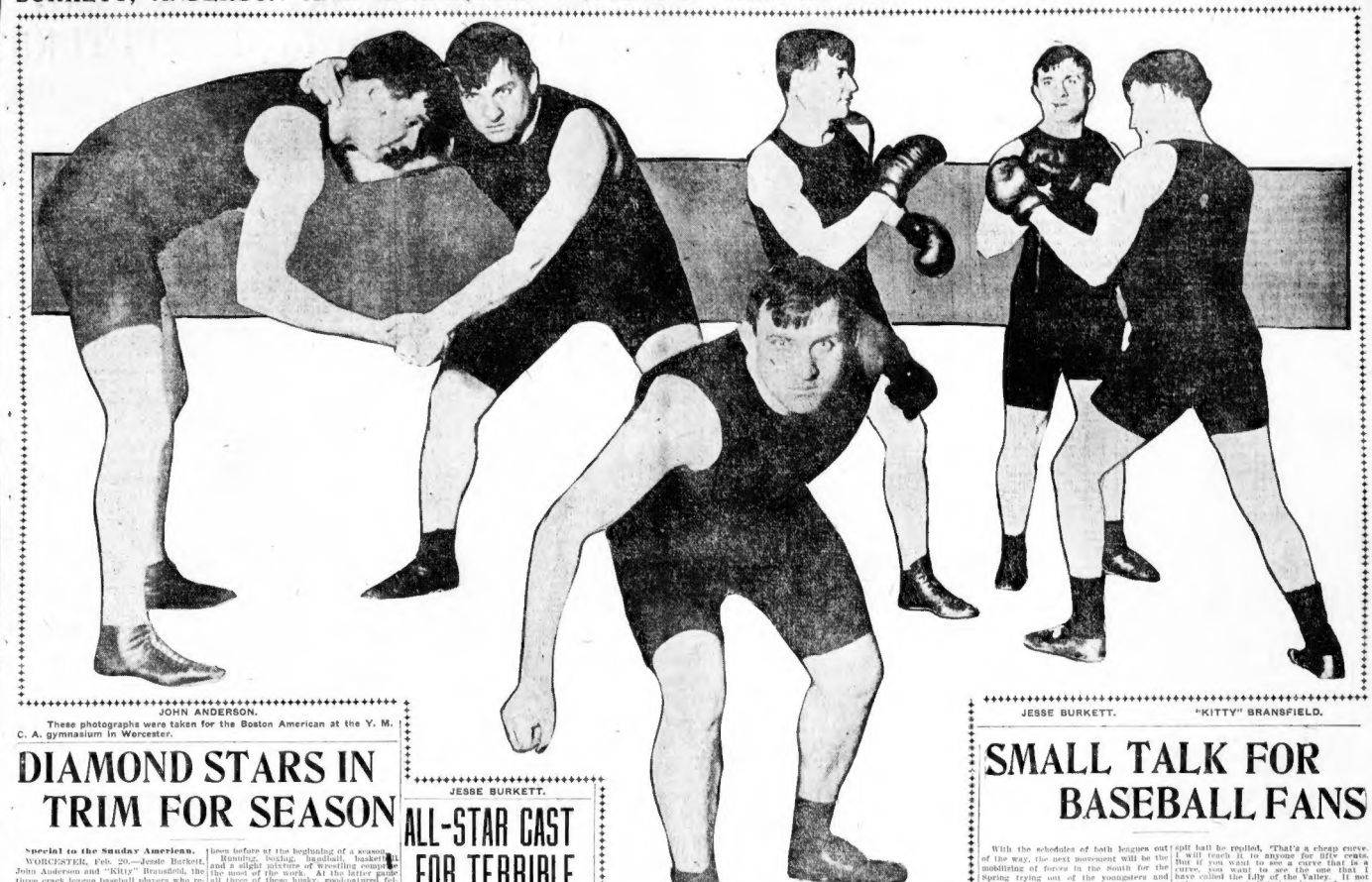
* * *

That the members of the Apollo A. C. the big club in Salem, are going to have nothing but the best in the line of bouts, is justified by the action of Manager Brennan when he matched Sammy Smith, of Philadelphia, and Jimmy Briggs, late Saturday night. Washington's Birthday afternoon Smith is already in this city and has done considerable work for the past couple of weeks here, there is no uncertainty of the best mate getting, as Smith has been staying here for the purpose of putting it on a few of the best local boys. The draw with Chester Goodwin was sufficient to show his caliber. His footwork and ring generalship were marvellous, and he will be a bothersome opponent for Briggs to handle, as his cleverness in jabbing will keep Jimmy from doing his fighting, which consists of short, hard cuffers. Briggs will need his extra weight, as he will have to match Smith's skill at arm work, and it will be a hindrance to him against the use of Smith's style at distance. There is also an attractive mill arranged between Johnny Sheehan and Johnny Powers. Sheehan put up a nice fight at the last show, and he will have to go faster with Powers facing him. Some local talent will fill in the rest of the bill, which is the best holiday entertainment that the Witch City has had in the sport's line for some time.

With Abe Attell and Kid Goodman facing each other at the Douglas A. C. on Washington's birthday night, the Hub Trio travels at an express train rate the whole distance. There is also an attractive mill arranged between

FENCING TECH BOYS HOPE TO WIN BIG MATCH BOXING EVANS TO MEET O'BRIEN TO-NIGHT RACING AND ALL ATHLETICS

BURKETT, ANDERSON AND BRANSFIELD GETTING IN TRIM AT WORCESTER FOR THE COMING SEASON



JOHN ANDERSON. JESSE BURKETT. "KITTY" BRANSFIELD.

These photographs were taken for the Boston American at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium in Worcester.

DIAMOND STARS IN TRIM FOR SEASON

Special to the Sunday American.

WORCESTER, Feb. 20.—Jessie Burkett, John Anderson and "Kitty" Bransfield, the three crack league baseball players who reside in this city during the busy Winter months, are still at work in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, preparing themselves for the hard grind from April to the middle of October. When their respective teams travel southward they will be in fit condition—something that none of them has been before at the beginning of a season.

Running, boxing, handball, basket ball and a slight mixture of wrestling comprise the most of the work. At the latter game all three of these husky, good-natured fellows are experts, but as a wrenched shoulder is likely to be the result of too much of this sport they go at it very cautiously.

"We will set a merry pace for every body this year," says each of them, and by the way they are working it looks as though they really do intend to travel at a rate which will make the best in the business go some to keep up with them.

ELLERY CLARK WILL COMPETE

Many entries have been handed in for the track games of the Lawrence Light Guards, to be held next Saturday night in the Medford Armory. In the thirty-five-yard dash Harvard has entered its best sprinters, Andover, Exeter and Williams College will send men, while scores of interscholastic athletes will compete.

Bart Sullivan and W. H. McVicker will have a warm tussle in the mile run, and Ellery Clark will be an attraction in the hurdles. Several team races are on the card, the big event being the one between Tufts and Brown. The following schools are matched: Brighton High and English High, Malden High and Medford High, Mechanic Arts and Boston Latin, DeMerritte and Volkmann, Noble & Greenough and Stone's, Waltham High and Concord High, Brookline High and Cambridge Latin. Besides teams from the various Y. M. C. A.'s will be represented.

NEW SHELL FOR TEN EYCK

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, Feb. 21.—Despite reports to the contrary, the Ten Eycks, James J. Sr., and "Young Jim" will make their home at Lake View this season, and "Young Jim" will continue in his attempt to replace his brother Ned as a top notcher of the single sculling game. Ten Eyck will do his rowing under the colors of the Worcester B. C., the only club that his brother Ned or himself ever rowed under.

"Jim" is to have a new shell for his rowing this Summer. The order for the new shell has been placed with Davy of Cambridge. Several reports have been current since the departure of the Ten Eycks to Syracuse to the effect that young Ten Eyck would forsake sculling and join a crew, but the orders for the new shell does not bear out these stories.

JESSE BURKETT.

ALL-STAR CAST FOR TERRIBLE TERRY'S SHOW

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Joe Humphreys is arranging for the engagement of Terry McGovern's new starring vehicle at the Windsor Theatre next week, which will include an all-star cast of pugilists. The play is entitled "For Fame and Fortune." Here is a partial list:

Terry McGovern, the hero; Hughey McGovern, Johnny Burdick, of Harlem; Joe Bernstein, Willie Lewis or Kid Broad, and Frank Gotch, who will act as referee.

Terry has been out of the cast for several days on account of an attack of tonsilitis, and his younger brother Hughey has been playing the star part at the National Theatre in Philadelphia. Terry, however, is confident he will be in condition to appear next Monday night at the Windsor Theatre on the Bowery.

Johnny Burdick has been permanently engaged as Terry's sparring partner, playing the role of Pedlar Palmer. Joe Bernstein will take up Willie Lewis or Kid Broad at a special performance next Thursday night, when the Hesper Club will attend in a body.

If promises to be a gala night in pugilistic circles.

JESSE BURKETT.

NEW LEAGUE FOR TROTTERS

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the representatives of twelve trotting tracks in New York State, the Hudson River and Mohawk Valley trotting circuit for 1905 was formed to-day.

OPEN LOCAL OFFICE.

The Country Club has opened up room 225 in the Tremont Building for the convenience of racing men, who intend to enter the coming races of the organization. The same office will be used for transacting business in connection with the Horse Show to be held in May.

JOHN ANDERSON.

TANNY TO GO HUNTING WITH GIBSON

President Taylor and Treasurer Green of the Boston American League club are back from New York, where they attended the baseball meeting last week.

The officials of the club received a letter from Jesse Tannehill to-day, in which the great twirler said he was going on a hunting trip with Norwood Gibson, his side partner.

Gibson and Tannehill always room together when the Champs go away on a trip, and have had many an argument on their skill as cutters. They will be in the neighborhood of White Bluffs, Tenn., for the next ten days, and when they meet the other members of the Boston team on the Southern training trip it is expected that Baron Monchausen will be left at the post.

Tannehill said in his letter that his shoulder which was recently dislocated through a fall on the ice was all right again and would not interfere with his box work.

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

With the schedules of both leagues out of the way, the next movement will be the mobilizing of forces in the South for the Spring trying out of the youngsters and the limbering up of the veterans. There will be plenty of interest during the period of organization in the sunny climes, with all the new touted talent on hand by each club, and the day-by-day bulletins will be received with much interest.

* * *

It will seem strange in this city with no conflicting dates, but it will never web general approval by the fans, who will get a better chance to divide their attention between the Hub teams and follow them more closely.

* * *

There is not another minor league in the country that properly classes with the Pacific Coast organization in point of strength, but it is equally true that there is hardly another league in the country of the minor order that has so many veterans on its salary roll. A man who has been in the game for years and who sees nothing before him but a continuance in it if he would live, naturally gravitates coastward, for here is a climate that quickly hardens up old muscles and keeps them limbered up. But—and here is the rub—while these veterans play good averages both fielding and batting, they will not do enough a season of stick work, they do not get more of them or the use of an addition into their work, and they don't make winning teams. The best athletes are of three or four men of fair terms of experience and a good percentage of young blood, and such combinations have torn pennant after pennant away from teams made up entirely of well-seasoned players.

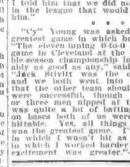
* * *

There will be no Cambridge ball team this year, as a meeting was held recently for that organization and it was decided not to put a team on the field next season.

Manager Lajoie says he has unearthed another "Rube" Waddell. "Several times within a week," says Larry, "a young man has come to the store trying to get me sign him for the season. He has all kinds of confidence in many ways, and is as eccentric as the "Rube." He has twenty-six curves, he tells me, and he has them classed according to their value. When I asked him if he could pitch a spit ball he replied, 'That's a cheap curve. I will teach it to anyone for fifty cents. But if you want to see a curve that is a curve, you want to see the one that I have called the Lily of the Valley. If not only curves out but in also, and sometimes takes a drop.' This floored me and I told him that we did not have a catcher in the league that would be able to hold him."

* * *

"Cy" Young was asked to name the greatest game in which he ever took part. "The eleven inning 0 to 0 Cleveland-Boston game in Cleveland at the close of the double-season championship in 1902 was probably as good as any," said the ball-splitter. "Jack Rivitt was the opposing pitcher, and we both went into the game bound that the other team should not score. We were successful, though there were two or three men slipped at the plate. There was quite a lot of batting, but with men on bases both of us were practically unhittable. Yes, all things considered, that was the greatest game I've pitched. Games in which I wasn't hit as freely, but none in which I worked harder or in which the excitement was greater."—Exchange.



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'YOUNG CORBETT' WILL BE IN GOOD SHAPE FOR BOUT WITH NELSON NEXT WEEK

BY W. W. NAUGHTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Will "Young Corbett" show as marked improvement in his second contest with Battling Nelson as he did in his second affair with Eddie Hanlon? This is among the sporting conundrums that are being propounded just now.

When Young "Corbett" and Hanlon boxed the first time "Corbett" was imperfectly trained. He was in trouble owing to the combined effects of poor condition and the native son's blows, and he had to belog into play everything he knew of in the line of stalling in order to worry through the twenty rounds. He was permitted to share the honors of a draw, and the opinion was held by many that he was not rightfully entitled to such consideration.

"Corbett's" experience on the occasion referred to proved a salutary lesson to him. He begged for a return match and his wish was granted. He gave himself thorough preparation and he defeated Hanlon decisively.

"Corbett" said he was far short of his best form when he lost to Battling Nelson. He certainly was as a punching bag in the hands of the durable Dane, and it will be for the coming event to determine whether it was a case of being undertrained or overmatched.

"Corbett" is certainly on his mettle, his conscientious work has attracted the attention of all the sporting gossips who love to loiter around a fighter's condition camp. He has reached a stage where he doesn't have to swath himself in rubber and take exercise in stoke-hole temperature in order to take off weight.

It is noticed that "Corbett" wears an ordinary gymnasium suit when going through his indoor facings at San Rafael, and one cannot help comparing the Denverite's trim appearance with the bundled up appearance he bore during his last spell of training at the beach.

The modern sporting contention has it that a fighter's weight is as uncertain a quantity as a woman's age, but Corbett's general appearance seems to confirm the official announcement that he is barely three pounds over weight now. He has until Feb. 28 to reach 130 pounds, and if, as he fondly believes, it was poor condition that did for him in his former clash with Nelson, he is to be congratulated upon his chances for getting even with the Dane.

Nelson, according to training camp report, has removed about twelve pounds since he began operations at Larkspur. Various rumors have arisen in regard to the Dane's progress, one being to the effect that he finds it difficult to keep below the 140-pound mark. Gossip of this kind is not worth a second's consideration. Nelson is a faithful worker and a careful liver, and will have no trouble in passing the clerk of the scales when the time comes to redeem himself.

Britt to Meet Winner.

I know for a certainty that he does not harbor the suspicion that doing 130 pounds will affect his strength now any more than it did a couple of months ago. He is as confident as possible that he will score the second time with "Corbett," and whatever worrying he does is over his prospects of boring Jimmy Britt into a match in March.

The latest about Britt is that he will surely be ready to box the winner of the "Corbett"-Nelson fight. Under the impression that Coffroth, of the Yosemite Club, had withdrawn from the fight promoting business, the San Francisco A. C. asked Britt for his terms for a March contest. Matchmaker Greggains gasped, it is said, when Britt named his price, and immediately began to figure on a heavyweight attraction, with Marvin Hart and Jack Johnson as the principals.

It has just developed that Coffroth has applied for the March permit, and there is a report that will not down that he has a contract with Britt folded away down in his grip. It is said that when Britt and Coffroth made it up recently, after Britt had invoked court proceedings against Coffroth for libel, the promoter took time by the forelock and talked Britt into signing with his club for the March date. Coffroth's reason for keeping in the background thus far is that he wanted to learn what disposal was made of the Ralston anti-scrapping bill before paying the annual license of $1,200 for the privilege of handling professional glove contests. Even now there is no telling whether or not the Ralston measure will pass the Senate, but in the mean time Greggains, of the San Francisco club, had made ready to apply for the March permit. This act on Greggains's part forced Coffroth to show his hand.

Promoters Not Worried.

The whole business is very complicated just at present. For reasons which do not appear clear the men who make a profit out of boxing are less apprehensive that the Ralston bill will become law. To a thinking person it seems somewhat premature to be taking anything for granted in that connection, and meanwhile it looks as though the promoters appear to be warming up for one of their periodical wrangles.

The fellows who offered themselves to relieve Jack Coffroth of some of the game for good are wroth at his unceremonious return to the field of publicity and promotion, especially as they have heard that he has Jimmy Britt all bottled up, and there is sure to be rucksus.

Some of the fight handlers are claiming already that Coffroth will not be granted a permit, and if there is any truth in the hint that there is opposition to him in official circles, the prospects for a good old fisticuff are not imagined by any means. In the event of a shindig it would be whole some retribution if the Ralston bill should go through while the game of cross-purposes was in progress.

A week or two ago I mentioned that there was talk of sending Bill Squires, the newly developed Australian heavyweight champion, against Jim Jeffries. Since then other critics have treated the subject as though Squires was likely to embark for this country at any moment.

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Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

Why Married Life Is Dull, by Dorothy Dix

MARRIED life is dull because to live happily and cheerfully together requires that a man and woman should be diplomats, whereas we are mostly clumsy bunglers.

It is the one situation on earth that calls for the most tact, and we meet it with a brutality that we show nowhere else.

It is the one place alone where we call a spade a spade, and it is the place of all others where there is most need for us to refer to that useful article as an agricultural implement.

There are two great and insoluble mysteries connected with matrimony.

The first is that people should universally believe, in spite of all evidence to the contrary, that marriage changes the nature, disposition and habits of an individual.

A man picks out a silly, ignorant and flighty girl for a wife, and expects that the minute she is married to him she will become an intelligent, industrious, economical, companionable helpmate to him.

A girl deliberately marries a drunken, worthless rounder, believing that as soon as he is married to her he will give up his dissipated ways and become a domestic and home-loving man.

Nothing of the kind happens. The man finds that his little goose of a wife bores him, and runs him into debt, and drives him to boarding as a refuge from her housekeeping, and he complains that married life is a failure.

The woman discovers that marriage hasn't changed her husband's interest in seeing the ponies run, or quenched his thirst for a high ball, and because she is left alone of an evening while he amuses himself she wails that married life is dull.

Both are bad losers. Neither one has a right to have grievances, because they had no right to suppose that the day of miracles was going to be inaugurated again for their benefit, and that marriage would change the character of the person married.

The other great surprise of matrimony is that the belief is generally held that marriage makes a man or woman willing to stand for any kind of treatment from each other.

Husbands and wives habitually treat each other with a discourtesy, brusqueness and utter lack of tact that they would not dream of showing, even to a servant.

In reality, nothing adds to the dulness of domestic life like the lack of good manners in it.

Politeness, regard for the feelings of others—diplomacy—oils the wheels of society, but we apparently esteem them too valuable for use on the family wagon.

If we told our friends as plainly of their faults as we do the partners of our bosom, we wouldn't have an acquaintance left who would speak to us.

If, when we are invited out to dinner, we criticise the cooking as freely as we do the home table, we should never be asked a second time.

If, when we go out to other people's houses, we made as little effort to be agreeable and entertaining as we do in our own, our invitations would be as scarce as hens' teeth.

It is because we use tact, discretion and consideration in dealing with other people that we make society interesting, and the same tactics applied to married life will make it interesting. Everybody can see this; yet, in spite of using their best efforts to try to avoid hurting each other's susceptibilities, most married couples spend their time in treading intentionally on each other's corns.

Every married woman knows that there are certain subjects that have the same effect on her husband as waving a red flag at a mad bull, but does this prevent her from mentioning them? Not in the least. She simply delights in dragging in the forbidden topic, though she knows it is as good for a family reaction as a nickel is for a ginger cake.

Every married man knows the things that his wife is sensitive about—the jokes that make her weep, the mistakes she has made that it mortifies her to have made public, the religious beliefs she holds that it wounds her to have ridiculed—but does he skilfully avoid these subjects? Far from it. No weak regard for her feelings keeps him from making her the butt of his domestic witticism when they are out in company.

It is a superstition of matrimony that you do not mind being aggravated by your wife or ridiculed by your husband, and that you are willing to kiss the lips that wound you, but there never was a more unfounded theory advanced.

We resent criticism from those of our own household more than from any one else, and one of the reasons there is so little conversation between husbands and wives is because both man and woman are afraid of what the other is going to say. A few tart remarks are an effectual discourager of a companionable evening together.

Diplomacy is expedient with everybody, but in dealing with your own husband or wife it is an absolute necessity.

Married life would never be dull if husbands and wives would treat each other half as politely and considerately as they treat other people.

A FORECAST OF SPRING FROM PALM BEACH

This is one of the most stunning of the costumes worn last week at the famous Southern resort. It will be much in vogue in Boston in the coming months.

By Winifred Black

A Mother's Recommendation Doesn't Help The Boy Who Can't Get a Situation Himself

I HAVE just had a pathetic letter from a woman who is worried about her son.

He wants to be an actor, she says, and he will not do anything but practice readings and spout Shakespeare and hang around the theatres.

She is a self-supporting woman, with no one to help her about the boy's future, and she wants to know if she would be doing wrong to write to managers asking them for a position for the lad.

He is nineteen or so, full grown, and by the photograph she sends, a good looking sort of chap, with something rather attractive in his whimsical, boyish face. This is the answer I am sending her:

My dear friend, for such you have shown yourself to be by your sweet letter, the boy evidently needs a course of one-night stands.

Such a course will either make or break him. He will either decide to be an actor or die, or he will determine that he would rather die than be one, and the question will be settled for you as far as the theatre goes.

Tell him what you think of his plans, quietly and without anger or emotion. I should like to see a boy of mine go on the stage. Of all the actors I know, few among them are really men. It takes a great man to earn a living by painting his face and mumming without losing something essentially masculine.

Such men there are, however, and your boy may turn out to be one of them. Concerning that, you have at this time very little to say. He's a man and he must take a man's share of work in the world, and whatever it is, so it is honest and he does it well, content yourself and be at peace.

As for the writing to managers or seeing them, dear lady, on no account lift a finger in this affair.

I wouldn't take the brightest faced boy in the world, even for office boy, if his mother came to intercede for him.

A young man who hasn't force of character enough to get a situation himself will never have force of character enough to keep one that some one else gets for him.

Put the mother business behind you now.

Your little boy's a man. People will judge him as a man, and there lives no human being, man or woman, who yet admired the adornment of apron strings when they are tied about the stalwart waist of a man.

Let the boy get some dramatic papers, find a dramatic agent, go to see him and take his chances with the rest of the seekers.

Whenever a company he likes comes to town let him go and see the manager (if he can) and see what he can do.

He will be snubbed, laughed at, insulted; so much the better.

He will learn what every boy who has trodden the same road before him has had to learn, and the sooner he learns it the better for him.

You've been pilot long enough, dear mother. The time has come for the ship you have guided so carefully to set sail without you.

Stand aside for the jump into the boat, and let go the ropes.

He'll either make his port or he'll be wrecked. It all depends upon the sort of captain he has up there in the pilot house.

You can only hope and pray and trust and be at peace. Your part is, or ought to be, fairly well done by this time. Anything you do now to help him will be only too much broken wreckage for him to clear away.

You've borne a man child, and if you've made a man of him be thankful and commend him to the fates with a light heart.

If you haven't made a man of him, let him go out into the world and learn the business of manliness there, in mercy's name, and if he be one who barred locks in the learning, why, he'll only learn all the faster.

This actor business may be only a passing fad, or it may be a vocation. Let the young man find out for himself which it is.

He has plenty of time to spare.

You haven't—not for his affairs, except in the way of loving sympathy.

Go on with your own now—and good fortune be with you.

WINIFRED BLACK.

Boston American's Daily Short Story

Little Tearose

TEAROSE" was the name of the loveliest of all Geishas of Tokio.

When she sang and danced in her kimona of silk, with embroidered chrysanthemums, there was not one of her listeners who could hold back the applause, though she was only a Geisha, who sang and danced for gold.

Among the men who never missed an evening in the tea house where she appeared was a young officer of the guard, a slender and handsome soldier, admired by all the ladies of the court of the Mikado. When he was there a change came over the little Geisha, and it was plain to everybody that she danced and sang to him only.

And when she came down among the audience during intermissions, and chatted with them after the manner of the Geishas, he always saluted her as if she had been a real lady, and then her beautiful face became still more beautiful and her eyes could not conceal her love and admiration of the handsome guardsman.

Did he love her, the son of one of the blood-blooded families of Japan? she never asked, and she had no fear of marriage between the nobleman of the Geisha was a thing not to be dreamed of even, and she gave it no thought, she was not made to long and sigh.

One evening Lieutenant Fukijama's seat was empty, and neither did he appear the next two nights. There were rumors afloat of a threatening war with powerful and proud Russia, and the friends of the tea house were few, and even these were grave and thoughtful.

But one evening Fukijama came back to the overflowing house, and when it was time to close he asked Tearose to meet him in the garden.

He waited outside for her, and a little while after she came, and when she saw from the expression in his face that he was worried two great tears rolled down her cheeks.

He looked at her a moment, and then took her into his arms, and for the first time their lips met. For a while they were sad, though indescribably happy, but it was not in their nature to remain so very long, and soon they were laughing and chatting as happy as children.

He told her he had to go to the war, but this only made her feel proud, and when he said that he might give his life for his country her eyes shone with admiration, for what could be greater or more glorious than to shed one's blood for the Mikado.

The war had come. Under great difficulties the Japanese armies were advancing toward the Yalu, where the first real battle was to be fought. The guard was given a position of honor in front of all other regiments. Fukijama, who had been made a captain, was in command of a company of heroes, every one of whom would rather die a thousand deaths than go back an inch.

A Russian private aimed his gun at him. The shot rang out, but in the same moment a little soldier threw himself in front of him and received the bullet intended for him. Both officers lowered their swords and looked in surprise at the little soldier who now lay on the ground. Pale as death, Fukijama looked into the face of the dying soldier.

"Tearose," he cried.

But she smiled.

"I does not hurt, darling," she whispered. He bent down and kissed her lips, which were already getting cold, then he said softly: "I follow thee soon."

An expression of gratitude in her eyes showed that she had understood.

The next moment he attacked his enemy furiously, but he did not fight as well as before, and the Russian's sword soon pierced his chest and he sank to the ground beside the little Geisha.

"Tearose," he whispered, "I am coming. The dying girl opened her eyes once more, and with smiling lips, as two true children of the sun, they both passed together into the great unknown.

First Aid To The Lovelorn

DEAR MISS FAIRPAX:

I am twenty-three and was engaged to a young man about two years ago. He is now over a year since we parted. While we were engaged he met some one else he thought he liked better and told me so and asked me to break our engagement and asked for the ring, which I gave him. A short time after he came back and tried to make up with me again, but I never did do the present time. Would you advise me to forget the past and make up with him? I have changed somewhat since we parted. I feel happy when I am in his company, but when I think over the past I could just hate him. If I thought it would not make little of me I could be happy with him again; but if you think I had better wait and see some other man comes along I would be contented to do so.

JESSIE.

YOUR letter is difficult to answer. The man treated you badly, and there is always the chance of history repeating itself. He might treat you in the same way a second time. Then again you say that when you think of the past you hate him. Hatred can have no place in a happy marriage. Unless you can rid your heart of all hard feeling you would be most unwise to marry him. There might be many moments when the hatred would be in the ascendant. You are young and no doubt will have many chances, so do not marry this man unless you are quite sure that your happiness demands it.

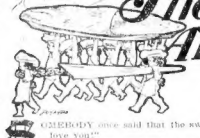
DEAR MISS FAIRPAX:

I thought I would ask for your golden advice. Perhaps it would put some cheer into my sorrowful life. I am in love with a young man, whom I do not see very often. I reside in a small town and very far from him. He never treated me any more than he would a friend, but there is a young man calling on me who loves me seriously, and I cannot return his love. He would make a good husband, and a brother by trade. Now what I want to know is: How can I regain the friendship of a lost friend, or would you advise me to marry this man?

ENDLESS SORROW.

BETTER marry the man who loves me, whom you will probably learn to love if you give up following the phantom of an imaginary ideal. So many girls do that and regret it all their lives. The first young man probably cares no more for you than as a friend, and you only think you love him because you have idealized him. Marry the man who loves you. Make him a good wife and he will make you a good husband.

The Great American Pie



SOMEBODY once said that the sweetest words in the world were, "I love you!"

Maybe, but the words, "Have another piece o' pie?" crowds the "love you" phrase pretty close, doesn't it?

Are there any three letters in the alphabet that can make your mouth water like these?

The BOSTON AMERICAN will give you the herewith pictured solid silver pie knife if you send in one of the five best pie recipes before Sunday, February 26.

Address Pie Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, 80-82 Summer street, Boston, Mass.

Tutti Frutti Pie

Pare and cut fine ten large tart apples, put them with two tablespoonfuls butter in a saucepan over the fire and add six tablespoonfuls sugar, two tablespoonfuls finely cut citron, one-half cup seedless raisins, the same quantity of well-washed currants and the grated rind of one-half orange or lemon; stir this over the fire till apples are soft, and add one-half cup currant or apple jelly; line a pie plate with fine pie crust, fill the plate full with the apples, cover with crust, in which a small opening should be cut in the centre, and bake till done; boil the peels and cores of apples with a little water till tender, strain them through a jelly bag, return the liquid to saucepan and boil ten minutes; add to one cup liquid one cup sugar and boil five minutes longer; when pie is done take it from oven, put a small funnel into opening in centre, pour carefully some of the apple syrup through the funnel into the pie and serve when cold.

MRS. M. E. DAVIDSON.
Worcester street, Boston.

Blackberry Pie

Line a deep pie plate with crust; have some ripe blackberries washed and drained; fill the plate with the berries, sprinkle over some sugar, pour into each pie one tablespoon vinegar, dust over a little flour, cover with crust and bake a light brown and well done.

MRS. A. L. WILLIAMS.
Massachusetts avenue, Cambridge.

Prune Pie

Wash and soak one pound of prunes for four hours in cold water, drain them minutes; when done press the rhubarb in a colander, remove the stones, put the through sieve, add the beaten yolks of four eggs and set aside; line a deep pie plate with crust, ornament the edge, cover with buttered paper, fill the plate with dry peas and bake till crust is light brown; then remove paper and peas, fill the plate with the rhubarb mixture and bake about fifteen minutes; beat the four whites to a stiff froth and mix them with one tablespoonful powdered sugar; draw the pie to front of oven, spread over the meringue, bake for a few minutes longer and serve when cold.

MRS. J. B. DICKINSON
Concord street, Boston.

Lemon Pie

Mix one tablespoonful cornstarch with one-half cup cold water, add one-half cup boiling water, three-quarters cup sugar, and boil for a few minutes; remove from fire, add the juice of one lemon, one-half the grated rind, one egg, and set aside to cool; line a pie plate with crust, put in the mixture, cover with a thin, rich crust, and bake a light brown; serve cold dusted with sugar.

MRS. M. E. WILKINSON.
Cambridge.

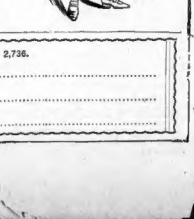
Gooseberry Pie

Top, tail and wash the berries, put them into a pie plate, lined with crust, sprinkle plenty of sugar among them, cover with crust and bake until done.

MRS. LAURA A. CHASE.
Pinckney street, Boston.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A Smart Dress for a Small Girl



No. 2,736—As a relief from the regulation plaited or shirred dresses for the little folk, we show here a pretty combination of the two, the plaited skirt in the front of the blouse distinguishes this model. The costume is in two parts, a blouse and a gathered skirt attached to an under-body. The blouse is gathered all around into the belt which finishes it. A collar of the same material or linen, with a soft tie, completes the neck. Serge, French flannel or bandeau linen will develop this pattern successfully. For a medium size, 5½ yards of 36-inch material are required.

Girls' Dress, 2,736—Five sizes, 6 to 14 years.

To obtain Pattern No. 2,736, postpaid, send 10 cents and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 2300, Boston, Mass.

2736

No. 2,736.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

Solid silver pie knife, ten inches in length, old fashion "bead pattern" handle, latest style double-edge blade. Five of these will be given for the five best recipes for pie submitted before next Sunday.

VINCENT CLUB PREPARES FOR THEATRICALS

Production This Year to Be on a Larger Scale Than Ever Before.

REHEARSALS HELD WEEKLY

The theatricals given by the Vincent Club will be larger this year than ever before, and the production will be on a larger scale in every particular. The cast has 125 girls. Miss Otis Tourtellot, who has won much distinction as a dancer; Miss Katherine Fay, Miss Phebe Tarr and Miss Mary Curtis are to be the solo dancers. Miss Margaret Whitehead and Miss Clemence Curtis are to give a humorous dance, which promises to be especially clever. Miss Juliet Higginson is to be head usher, in place of Miss Marion Peabody, who served in that capacity last year and who has since become Mrs. James Lawrence, Jr.

The rehearsals are being held weekly, and in March will be held twice a week.

Miss Elizabeth Codman, Miss Helen Collidge, Miss Mary Minot, Mrs. Otis Norcross and Mrs. E. Amory Codman will preside at the tea table on the annual meeting of the Instructive District Nursing Associations at the Hotel Somerset on Thursday afternoon. The meeting will be at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, as announced on the cards, and the entertainment part of the affair will be furnished by Mrs. Paul Revere Frothingham and Robert Bolt, each of whom will read a play.

Miss Henrietta Sargent, one of the most popular girls in the Boston set, has returned to her home on Commonwealth avenue from a month spent in Washington. Miss Sargent returns to be present at the Vincent Club rehearsals, as she is to take part in the production. On her way home she stopped over in New York to make a visit with Mrs. Jay Gould.

Cards are out from Mrs. J. Templeman Coolidge and Mrs. Richard J. Hall for an entertainment, to be followed by a ball, in Copley Hall the evening of March 7. This will probably be the last dance of the Boston Winter season. The affair is being given for the benefit of the Augusta Holmes monument, which is to be placed in the Pare Monceau in Paris. Mrs. Jack Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. Richard C. Dluer, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Endicott, Dolber Abbott, Mrs. Lucius M. Sargent and Dr. and Mrs. Augustus Thorndike are the patrons.

The Nathaniel Thayers are in Rome, according to the last letters received from them, and are quietly enjoying themselves. The Thayers have been very much missed in Boston society this Winter, as they have always done much to make the season gay. They are due mounting and are not accepting any invitations, which doubtless accounts for their not being present at the Italian court. The Misses Thayer, one of whom is to be one of the belles of next Winter, are bright, pretty girls and great favorites socially. They were popular in former years served as patroness at the assemblies.

Mrs. J. C. R. Peabody, who has been with Mrs. Herbert Mason Sears since Thursday, before the last assembly, returned to her home in Groton the latter part of the week. Mrs. Peabody came down to attend the assembly, and during the week just past has been renewing acquaintance among the members of the Boston set. She is to occupy her home in Groton until next Fall, when she will move into Boston.

C. L. U. STAND ON TRADE SCHOOLS

The Central Labor Union has appointed a committee to prepare a statement setting forth the position of organized labor in regard to trade schools, manual training schools and other matters appertaining thereto.

T. M. Nolan, of Typographical Union No. 13, on whose motion the committee was appointed, said: "There is on foot some plan, I believe, of uniting certain funds of the city of Boston for the establishment of trade schools. We of the trades union movement know what is the motive behind of trade schools by employers. The employers openly believe in it as a possible source from which he can secure recruits, half-finished journeymen who can take the places of men on strike. We are in favor, as I understand, of manual training in the schools similar to the Cooper Institute of New York, but we should strenuously object to the establishment of a school such as I have mentioned."

HOLD BAZAAR FOR BUILDING

The annual bazaar in aid of the building fund of the St. Patrick's Total Abstinence Society in Hanlon's Hall on Thursday evening in the old Vine Street Church building.

Edward Lawrence Campbell, president of St. Patrick's Church, will assist in night and afternoon. Many members of the society will be interested in the event.

The committee in charge includes James J. Kelly, president of St. Patrick's Society; E. J. Lawrence, secretary; Miss Nellie Devine, Miss Agnes Devine, Miss Mary Devine, Miss Annie Dockering, Miss Winifred Foley, Miss Sadie Foley, Miss Agnes Foley, Miss Mary Foley, Miss Mary Powers, Miss Maude F. Powers, Miss Annie Grogan, Miss Agnes Merryland, Miss Loretta Kane and Miss Mary N. Ryan.

TWO KILLED IN WRECK ON ERIE

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 20.—The Midnight way train, eastbound, on the Erie road, jumped the track at Warren Point early today and collided with the stone embankment.

A Mrs. Conover died while her limbs were being amputated on the hospital train sent from Jersey City. Miss Grace Mathew was killed outright in the wreck. She was visiting friends in Warren Point. Hull of No. 40 Wall street and his son took the train to go to their home, and their friends have not heard from them since the wreck.

A relief train has been sent from Paterson with all the physicians available, and various hospitals have sent ambulances to the station to meet the train and hurry the injured to the hospitals.

ANGOLA REBELS RISE.

LISBON, Feb. 20.—News has arrived at Cuanhama, Portuguese South Africa, of an attack by a great force of rebels on Fort Maringia. The rebels were repulsed with heavy losses. The Portuguese losses were slight. The governor has asked for reinforcements.

COMEDY TO BE PRESENTED BY HEBREW YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION THIS EVENING

CAST OF "THE PROFESSOR'S DILEMMA," TO BE GIVEN TO-NIGHT.

Dramatic Club of the Organization to Present "The Professor's Dilemma."

Nine Persons in the Cast, With Charles Rosenblom in the Leading Role.

"The Professor's Dilemma" is the title of the comedy which the dramatic club connected with the Young Men's Hebrew Association will give this evening in Howe Hall, Dorchester, Blue Hill avenue and Quincy avenue. Nine persons will be in the cast.

The leading part will be taken by Charles Rosenblom as "Professor Goldwhisper." Mr. Rosenblom is a student in the law school of Boston University, and has read several Shakespearean works before the Boston Young Men's Union.

Others who will take part are: Joseph B. Grandberg, as "Spartan Spoon;" Louis Berliner, as "Jack Harkins," Myron Hirsh, as "Dr. Newman;" Bernard Lipsky, as "Mr. Hawkins;" Miss Annie Fine, as "Mrs. Goldwhisper;" Miss Bertha Dunn, as "Pauline;" Miss Anna Rosenfeld, as "Marianna," and Miss Sarah Gordon, as "Rosa."

Miss Annie Fine is a pupil of Pro sang Rickford, dramatic instructor of the club. Miss Bertha Dunn is one of the most prominent Hebrew soprano singers in Boston, and Miss Anna Rosenfeld is a pupil in Dandet's school of music.

HEART DISEASE CAUSES MOST FATALITIES

Mutual Life's Statistics Put It at Head of List, Consumption Next.

Some interesting statistics are given in the medical report of the Mutual Life Insurance Company for the year 1904, compiled for the sixty-second annual statement of the company. The report is more valuable than ordinary vital statistics, because, essentially, deals with a class of people comparatively well to do, who were careful of themselves, as was proved by having their lives insured, not when they were in need they were in perfect health and living in healthful localities.

Five thousand three hundred and seventy-nine persons insured in the Mutual Life died during 1904, an increase of 424 over the previous year. The amount of insurance paid on each life $3,650.68. The report contains this table, according to those who lose to die of old age:

Age at death.	Number of deaths. 1903.	1904.
Under 20 years	290	330
20 to 30 years	770	879
30 to 40 years	1,404	1,462
40 to 50 years	1,092	1,037
50 to 60 years	995	1,302
60 to 70 years	227	257
70 to 80 years and upward	227	257
Totals	4,905	5,529

Among the causes of death heart disease heads the list with 510 deaths. Consumption, pneumonia, Bright's disease, apoplexy, cancer, cancer and typhoid fever follow in the order named.

It is due probably to the severe, cold weather last year that consumption claims 476 lives, showing the greatest increase, 123, in any one disease, on the other hand, diseases of the nervous system show a diminution in numbers.

Of the 312 fatal casualties six lost their lives in the burning of the Iroquois Theatre, Chicago, forty-two in railroad accidents, twice as many as in 1903, thirteen in shipwrecks or by drowning at sea or on the lakes, eighty-seven by being hurt by explosions or burning of the gases, sixteen by firearms and thirty-four by homicide.

The deaths from old age during 1904 were 112.

There were 254 deaths among persons over eighty years of age, fourteen of them being over ninety. Two of these became policy-holders in the year of the organization of the company, 1843. They were Charles H. Booth, who lived to the age of one hundred years and eight months, and Charles G. Rockwood, who lived to the age of ninety years.

Among those who formed the "old guard" of the Company.

The number of deaths among women was 371, an increase of sixty over the preceding year.

NORDICA SINGS AT HANDEL AND HAYON CONCERT

Program of Great Variety and Richness Delights Audience at Symphony Hall.

By Kent Perkins.

The powerful combined attraction of a Nordica concert and the presence of the Handel and Haydn Society and the presence of Mme. Nordica drew an audience that packed Symphony Hall last night. Every seat was filled, and all the available standing room was occupied. The people were eager and expectant of a rich musical feast, and they were not disappointed.

The program held out visions of a variety of good things in the first production here of Professor J. K. Paine's "Hymn of the West," written for the St. Louis Exposition. G. W. Chadwick's overture, "Melpomene," the first performance in America of "Elijahad," by Dr. Louis Ehlert, Handel, the German composer, inspired by three famous Handelmans by Raphael "Leopold and Unbesteed," from "Tris.an and Isolde," sung by Mme. Nordica; Mac-dowell's "Hymn to the Sun"; "Let the Bright Seraphim," from Handel's "Samson," by Mme. Nordica and the orchestra, and Goundod's cantata, "Gallia" by Mme. Nordica and Karl Dreyfus as principal soloists.

The splendid but somewhat tragic "Melpomene," was played in a manner that aroused the audience to high enthusiasm and must have been most pleasing to the composer, who was present.

The "Hymn to the West," a noble and inspiring composition, the words for which were written by E. C. Stedman, was given with adequate volume and appropriate spirit by chorus and orchestra. There were about 250 Symphony players with Karl Onderick as principal, assisted

EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, FEBRUARY 20, 1905.

They Actually LIVE in Berlin

Decent Buildings, Decent Laws Give Decent Results

An Englishman went "slumming" in Berlin. He knew the horrors of Whitechapel, the "East End" of London; and he expected to find them repeated in the great German city.

This is his description of what he found:

From the centre of the city an electric tram carries one swiftly to Rixdorf—a district connected by every possible means with every quarter of the city.

And when you reach it you scarcely know that you have left the fashionable and magnificent quarters at all. For on every side of you are spacious streets, with trees planted at the curb, and on the other hand tall, white houses rising up with solid dignity toward a clear sky.

Huge houses, bright and speckless, with wide doorways, many shining windows, and iron-railed balconies, where creepers twine and children play. Splendid and noble houses, such as you would look for with difficulty in almost any quarter of London.

It is here that the working classes of Berlin live out their careful, thrifty and laborious lives.

He entered some of the flats in these houses, and found the interior no less pleasing than the exterior—"extraordinary cleanliness, a quiet cheerfulness and a devotion to the work of the home."

I entered little beer-houses, comfortable places, with tables and chairs, and music going cheerfully through the evening, and saw no check upon the enjoyment of the people. They have their beer gardens in Rixdorf, their music halls, and their places for lectures and Socialist meetings. They walk through the broad streets and pay calls at each other's houses, and crowd to the Tempelhofer Feld to see the great military reviews. It seemed to me that they are in happy circumstances.

Now, I saw during all my wanderings through Rixdorf one half-drunken man; but never did I see a drunken woman. I am told that drunkenness among the women is unknown.

Why is there such a difference between the "slums" of Berlin and those of London, and even of New York?

This observer notes that the jerry-builder does not exist in Berlin. As soon as land falls vacant it is purchased by companies of recognized repute, often by banking houses, and only such streets are planned as meet all the requirements of sanitation and art. The houses are built and the working classes enter them, the well-off renting the ground and first floors, the poorer folk mounting to the floors above.

Evidently the real estate hog does not exist in Berlin—he is kept off the streets, just as the four-footed hog is.

Our "slums" and our "ghetto" might be abolished if we went about it in the right way.

Berlin shows that slums are not a requisite to a great city.

Nothing Came From Slocum Disaster Trials

And Nothing Came of a Vital Amendment to a Bill in Congress to Reduce the Danger of Similar Disasters

Two men charged with responsibility for the death of the Slocum victims were tried a few days ago.

The New York newspapers devoted little space to the trial.

One was acquitted, and in the case of the other the jury failed to agree.

No one has been convicted for the Slocum disaster, and it occurred seven months ago.

A thousand people were killed. The company owning the boat had no assets within the reach of actions for damages.

It does not look as if there will be one penitentiary sentence or even a small fine growing out of the Slocum disaster.

In Congress there is a bill to make such excursion boats as was the Slocum safe.

The main purpose of the bill is to provide efficient crews.

In this there is danger of it failing.

Congressman Livernash offered an amendment to the bill making it obligatory for every vessel to have at least seventy per cent. of its crew composed of experienced seamen.

That amendment was killed because one of the majority insisted that such a law would prevent ships from going to sea.

Denunciation of the conditions that were in vogue on the Slocum have accomplished nothing toward the punishment of those responsible for the disaster.

Possibly Congress may legislate to make excursion boats less dangerous—possibly.

Unless there is such legislation—and it must be drastic—you will see the same old firetraps passing up and down New York Bay, East and North Rivers, this coming Summer, forgetful of the Slocum, but each steamer in immediate danger of following the way of that ship of death.

Little Editorials from the People

A PLEA FOR CAGED BIRDS.

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Just a word for the caged bird. In a "brief for Cupid Atoder" the Hon. Richard Wilton discourses from the cruelty of trapping those helpless little creatures and urges the kind-hearted to set them free, and pertinently asks:

"What right has thou
To lure the golden finches,
Or the red linnets from the wildwood bough,
And cage them within bars of six square inches?"

EUGENE B. WILLARD.

Revere.

HOW WILL MR. CROSMAN ANSWER THIS?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Mr. Crosman's reply to Margaret I. Lewis on the 3d cannot but cause astonishment to all good citizens. He claims that soldiers and sailors are lifters on the back of labor, and continues by saying that the useful laborer's business was to produce wealth, which is unquestionably true; but in connection with that statement he asserts that it is the "business" of a soldier to kill. The word "business" is not at all applicable in this case, as common sense and the dictionary will show. It is his duty at times to kill; but it is never his regular occupation, which the word "business" implies. If I were to add to the sentence, I should say that at least it was part of a soldier's "business" to protect the wealth which the useful laborer produces, and in this capacity he has served his country and each citizen just as much as if he were using a pick instead of a gun.

I don't see what difference it makes what a man takes up in life. Some are adapted to one thing and others to other things. No person should say that a soldier or sailor joins the service because outside jobs are scarce. If he does he is probably better adapted to soldier life than to office work, for instance. Mr. Crosman may rest assured that when a man in the service is found to be inefficient he is promptly dropped.

Mr. Crosman continues to say that "Where justice is enthroned there is no need of soldiers." If justice were enthroned all over the world we should have an Elysian field; but as it is not in a state of perfection as yet, we must keep our marines and sailors to ward off any aggression. To do this we must have a service that is always prepared for an emergency. Our army is not for aggrandizement, but for protecting all from oppression, and for keeping our nation intact.

I heartily commend Margaret I. Lewis, and I hope that all such articles will not only be read, but kept constantly in mind. Let us see to it that the uniform in as much respected as the men who wears it.

U. S. Marine Corps. E. G. JOHNES.

DOG SHOW

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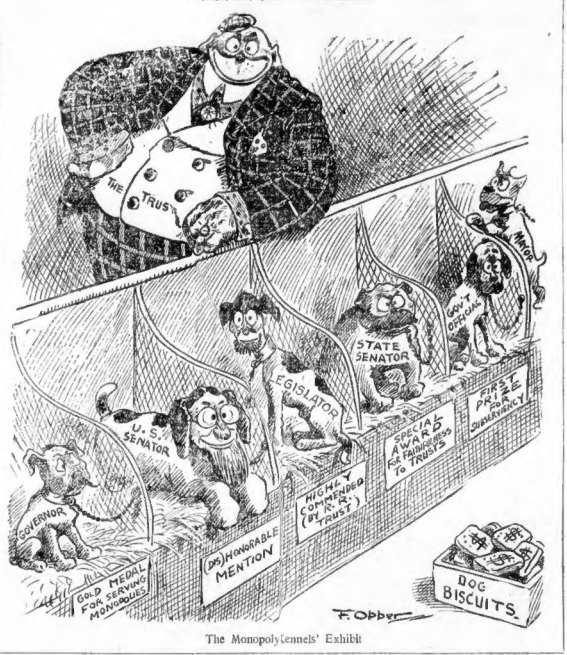

The Monopolykennels' Exhibit

IN BUGVILLE

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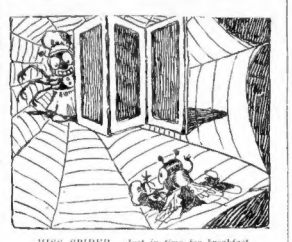
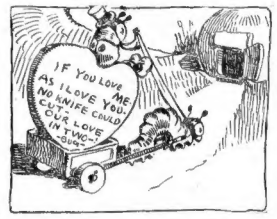
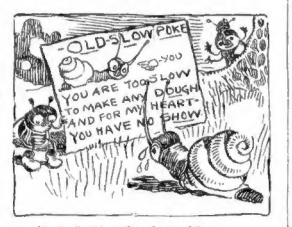
MISS BUG—Please don't be disappointed, little boy, but I'm already engaged.



MISS SPIDER— Just in time for breakfast.



MR. BUG—Hurry up, there! It'll be Fourth of July before you get there.



Mr. Snail arrived altogether too late.

BOYS WILL BE BOYS

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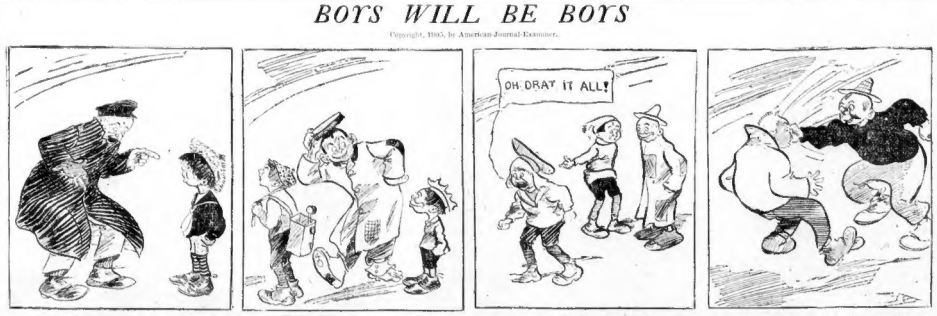


"Nice here, James Henry, I hates ter hurt yer feelings, but if it's jest de same ter you I wish yer'd stop following me around so continuous. First t'ing I know dey'll be asking me ter take out er dog license."

Freckles—I may be poor and measly, Raphael, but I allers keeps me hair nicely brushed wen I kin.

"Tink of a kid his age not being able ter do no better'n dat! It makes me tired."

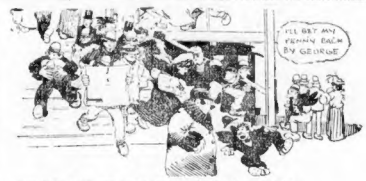
"Well, youse must remember dat he ain't had our advantages."

"Don't git ekcert, Johnnie, I'm going ter knock you out, but it'll only be fer a few minutes!"

The Foolish Subway Guard

By James Montague

NOW hear the courteous Subway guard address the madding throng
That swoops upon the brimming train a hundred thousand strong,
What pleasing perspicuity; his words with simple art
Land on the solar plexus, though they may get past the heart,
Above the lilt of local and the thunder of express
His eloquent appeal he makes with eager earnestness,
And gratefully upon the ears of those who fight in vain
To move ahead a half an inch there falls this suave refrain:



Step lively there, you sheety guy; there's lots of room inside.
Lean off that door! Them folks behind has got a right to ride.
Don't stop and hand me no back talk! You mug, there; on yer way!
Say! loidy, don't come buttin' in. There's other trains to-day.
Move up ahead; don't go to sleep! This ain't no private car!
Say, gent, this platform won't hold you and me and that cigar!
Keep goin', Bill! Both gates there, call! Get in the car there! Ring!
That ought to hold you for awhile. All clear now, hey? Ding! Ding!

When with the howling Roxbury hordes you stagger down the stairs
In hopes to hunt your happy home and shed your carking cares,
And join the frantic multitude that surges to and fro
'Till trains—the wrong ones—carry you where you don't want to go,
When, pounded to a passive pulp, you think it would be wise
To walk to Roxbury, as you don't need so much exercise,
The only thing required to make heavenly your bliss
Is an expression from the guard of such a thought as this:

Now get away from that there door before I slam it, you!
If you can't beat it right away I'll cut you plumb in two.
Come, chase yourself clear out of that, old fellor. I ain't paid
To stand around and wait for you until your whiskers fade.
Here, kid! go on the street to play that game of hide and seek.
Step lively, miss; we're pulling out. This train runs once a week!
Hi! Hurry up! Throw out your feet! We'd like to move next Spring!
This ain't no commutation train! Back up there, Pete! Ding! Ding!

Once on a time, so runs a tale, a guard there lived who read
That things like this by cultured folk were rather seldom said;
And with a book on etiquette he sought to cultivate
A style of conversation less direct but more ornate.
And then, with fine philosophy, he said, "It isn't right
That we young men upon the cars should be so impolite.
To-morrow I shall show them that a guard need not be rude,"
And when the morning came he spoke unto the multitude:

I humbly beg your pardon, but I trust that you who wait
And thus congest the doorway will accept my humble plea.
Of course, I'm highly honored by your presence here outside,
But pray remember, if you will, that others wish to ride.
I hope I do not give offense if humbly I suggest
That somewhat more of thoughtful haste would suit our purpose best.
Dear friends outside, I much regret that it is quite in vain
That all of you should seek to ride upon this single train.

Alas for this young man's high hopes! ere half his speech was said
It fell upon dull ears and cold. The crowd had all dropped dead.

More Little Editorials from the People

LEGISLATION FOR THE UNEMPLOYED

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Could a greater philanthropic law than is provided by the bill before the present Legislature, providing that employment be furnished by the city to all who are in need of and willing to work, be conceived? Imagine the man willing to work and unable to get it: his mental anguish has, as we all know, proved the untimely end of many a willing man. Ask the warden of a city prison and he will tell you that many a man has languished many a day behind prison walls, having been driven to desperation on account of lack of work!

There are, as Governor Douglas stated in his inaugural message, thousands and thousands, many more than the man in the song pushing can sensibly, seeking employment daily, and for the greater part, of course, in vain. But, worst of all, how often do we hear of this young man, training for years, and when qualifying for positions of learning and responsibility finally thank their stars that they can find any menial employment, while an inferior man holds a position superior to his ability. Why? One has the "pull" and the former has not. The employer of today is so particular about pull as he is of ability, and the man of influential backing gets the preference.

This condition of affairs is surely lamentable and can easily be altered to the benefit of the State. The passage of such a law as is proposed would be a godsend to many needy and willing citizens, who have to live and pay taxes whether or not they have an income.

Here is wishing Governor Douglas, through whose good judgment and extensive experiences as an employer of thousands such legislation was conceived, and George W. Alden, who has taken it upon himself to frame and bring to noble issue, complete success in this great undertaking. S. G.

Roxbury.

CROSMAN SHOULD ENLIST AND LEARN THE ARMY

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In answer to Mr. Crosman's letter, in which he says that promotion is quick in the army as a last extremity, let me say that for a lazy man or a drunkard to enlist would be only invite a dishonorable discharge from the service in a short while. I left a good position in '98 to go into the service, after three and one-half years was discharged honorable as sergeant, and have a good position at present.

I have seen our soldiers do as hard a day's work as any laboring man, and it would be well for Mr. Crosman to find out just how much work an American soldier has to do, and as good a way as any would be to go into the service for a term of three years. Undoubtedly Mr. Crosman would look at the army altogether differently. FRED T. WILSON.

No. 13 Orange st., Chelsea.